

GAD1 Antibody

Catalog No: #36878

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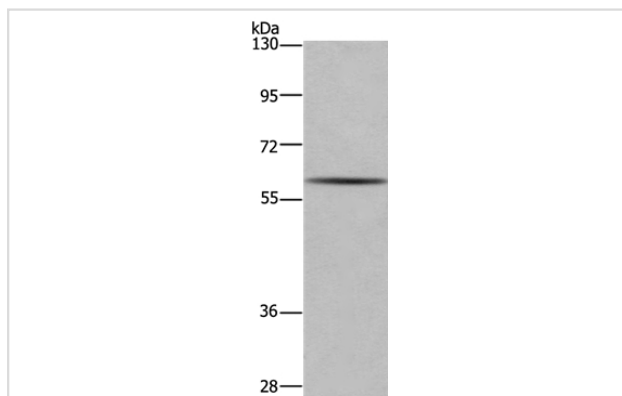
Description

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Product Name | GAD1 Antibody |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Purification | Antigen affinity purification. |
| Applications | WB |
| Species Reactivity | Hu |
| Specificity | The antibody detects endogenous levels of total GAD1 protein. |
| Immunogen Type | Peptide |
| Immunogen Description | Synthetic peptide corresponding to a region derived from internal residues of human glutamate decarboxylase 1 (brain, 67kDa) |
| Target Name | GAD1 |
| Other Names | GAD; SCP; CPSQ1 |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot#: Q99259NCBI Gene ID: 2571Gene Accssion: NP_000808 |
| Uniprot | Q99259 |
| GeneID | 2571; |
| SDS-PAGE MW | 67kd |
| Concentration | 2.4mg/ml |
| Formulation | Rabbit IgG in pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol. |
| Storage | Store at -20°C |

Application Details

Western blotting: 1:200-1:1000

Images



Gel: 6%SDS-PAGE
 Lysates (from left to right): Human fetal brain tissue
 Amount of lysate: 40ug per lane
 Primary antibody: 1/571 dilution
 Secondary antibody dilution: 1/8000
 Exposure time: 1 minute

Background

This gene encodes one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major autoantigen in insulin-dependent diabetes. The enzyme

encoded is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from L-glutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an autoantigen and an autoreactive T cell target in insulin-dependent diabetes. This gene may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Deficiency in this enzyme has been shown to lead to pyridoxine dependency with seizures. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two products, the predominant 67-kD form and a less-frequent 25-kD form.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only