

PRPS1/2/1L1 Antibody

Catalog No: #37130

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Description

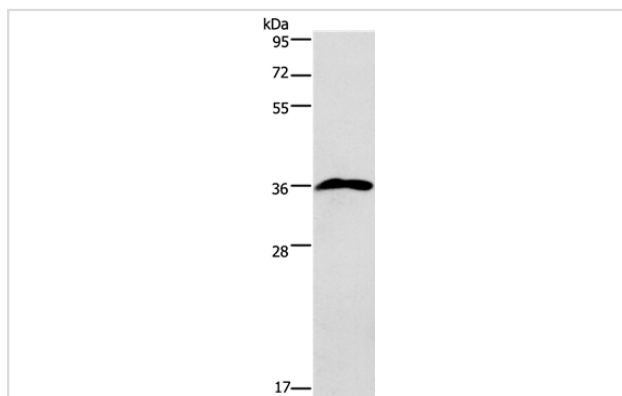
Product Name	PRPS1/2/1L1 Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Antigen affinity purification.
Applications	WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total PRPS1/2/1L1 protein.
Immunogen Type	Peptide
Immunogen Description	Synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near the N terminal of human phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase 1/2/1-like 1
Target Name	PRPS1-2-1L1
Other Names	ARTS; DFN2; PRSI; CMTX5; DFNX1; PRS-I; PPRibP/PRSI/PRPS1; PRPS3; PRPSL; PRS-III
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#: P60891 NCBI Gene ID: 5631 Gene Accssion: NP_002755 NP_787082 NP_002756
Uniprot	P60891
GeneID	5631;
SDS-PAGE MW	35kd
Concentration	3mg/ml
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C

Application Details

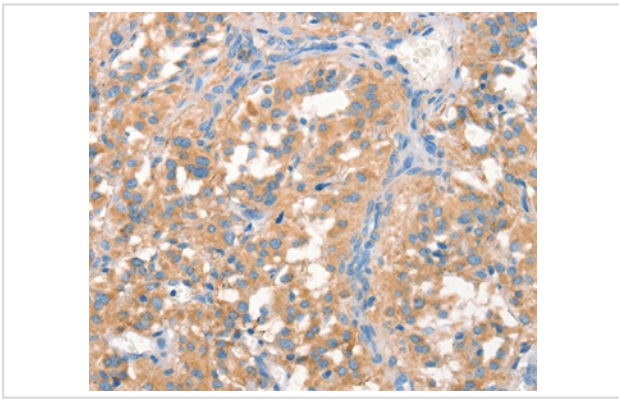
Western blotting: 1:500-1:2000

Immunohistochemistry: 1:50-1:200

Images



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE
 Lysate: 40ug 293T cell
 Primary antibody: 1/750 dilution
 Secondary antibody dilution: 1/8000
 Exposure time: 2 minutes



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using #37130 at dilution 1/50.

Background

PRPS (phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase) proteins catalyze the synthesis of phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate (PRPP). Three human PRPS isoforms exist and are encoded by three different genes. PRPS1 and PRPS2 (also known as PRS1 and PRS2, respectively) are ubiquitously expressed, while PRPS3 (also known as PRPS1L1) is specific to the testis. PRPP is an important substrate synthesized from MgATP and ribose-5-phosphate in a reaction that requires inorganic phosphate and magnesium as a cofactor. PRPP is essential in the synthesis of nearly all nucleotides, implying that PRPS1/2 play an important role in nucleotide biosynthesis and purine metabolism. A mutation in the gene encoding PRPS1 may result in PRPS superactivity, a disease characterized by gout and the overproduction of purine nucleotides, uric acid and PRPP. PRPS1 mutations can also lead to a reduction in PRPS1 activity resulting in ARTS syndrome or CMTX5 (Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease X-linked recessive type 5).

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only