FBXO11 antibody

Catalog No: #38737

Description

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com

Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com



Package Size: #38737-1 50ul #38737-2 100ul

FBXO11 antibody **Product Name Host Species** Rabbit Polyclonal Clonality Isotype IgG Purification Affinity purification WB Applications Species Reactivity Human, Mouse Specificity The antibody detects endogenous level of total FBXO11 protein. Immunogen Type Recombinant Protein Immunogen Description Recombinant fusion protein of human FBXO11 (NP_001177203.1). **Target Name** FBXO11 Other Names FBXO11;FBX11;PRMT9;UBR6;UG063H01;VIT1 Accession No. Uniprot:Q86XK2GeneID:80204 Q86XK2 Uniprot 80204 GeneID SDS-PAGE MW 130kDa Concentration 1.0mg/ml

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

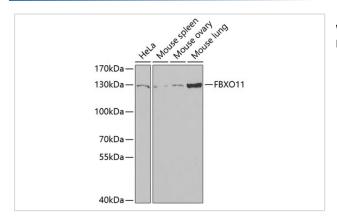
Application Details

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Images

Formulation

Storage



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using FBXO11 antibody.

Background

This gene encodes a member of the F-box protein family which is characterized by an approximately 40 amino acid motif, the F-box. The F-box proteins constitute one of the four subunits of ubiquitin protein ligase complex called SCFs (SKP1-cullin-F-box), which function in phosphorylation-dependent ubiquitination. The F-box proteins are divided into 3 classes: Fbws containing WD-40 domains, Fbls containing leucine-rich repeats, and Fbxs containing either different protein-protein interaction modules or no recognizable motifs. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the Fbxs class. It can function as an arginine methyltransferase that symmetrically dimethylates arginine residues, and it acts as an adaptor protein to mediate the neddylation of p53, which leads to the suppression of p53 function. This gene is known to be down-regulated in melanocytes from patients with vitiligo, a skin disorder that results in depigmentation. Polymorphisms in this gene are associated with chronic otitis media with effusion and recurrent otitis media (COME/ROM), a hearing loss disorder, and the knockout of the homologous mouse gene results in the deaf mouse mutant Jeff (Jf), a single gene model of otitis media. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only