Annexin A1

Catalog No: #AP78480



Package Size: #AP78480-1 50ug #AP78480-2 100ug #AP78480-3 1mg

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	Annexin A1
Brief Description	Recombinant Protein
Host Species	E.coli
Purification	Greater than 90% by SDS-PAGE
Species Reactivity	Pig
Immunogen Description	2-346AA
Other Names	ANX1, Annexin I, Annexin-1, Calpactin II, Calpactin-2, Chromobindin-9, Lipocortin I, Phospholipase A2 inhibitory
	protein,p35
Accession No.	P19619Gene name:ANXA1
Uniprot	P19619
GenelD	396942;
Calculated MW	37.95
Tag Info	His
Formulation	50mM NaH2PO4, 500mM NaCl Buffer with 500mM Imidazole,10%glycerol(PH8.0)
Storage	Store at -20C. (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.)Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended.
	Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.

Background

Plays important roles in the innate immune response as effector of glucocorticoid-mediated responses and regulator of the inflammatory process. Has anti-inflammatory activity. Plays a role in glucocorticoid-mediated down-regulation of the early phase of the inflammatory response. Promotes resolution of inflammation and wound healing (By similarity). Functions at least in part by activating the formyl peptide receptors and downstream signaling cascades. Promotes chemotaxis of granulocytes and monocytes via activation of the formyl peptide receptors (By similarity). Contributes to the adaptive immune response by enhancing signaling cascades that are triggered by T-cell activation, regulates differentiation and proliferation of activated T-cells. Promotes the differentiation of T-cells into Th1 cells and negatively regulates differentiation into Th2 cells (By similarity). Has no effect on unstimulated T-cells. Promotes rearrangement of the actin cytoskeleton, cell polarization and cell migration. Negatively regulates hormone exocytosis via activation of the formyl peptide receptors and reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton (By similarity). Has high affinity for Ca(2+) and can bind up to eight Ca(2+) ions (PubMed:12595246). Displays Ca(2+)-dependent binding to phospholipid membranes (PubMed:8885232). Plays a role in the formation of phagocytic cups and phagosomes. Plays a role in phagocytosis by mediating the Ca(2+)-dependent interaction between phagosomes and the actin cytoskeleton.

References

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Note: This product is for in vitro research use only