

Advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor

Catalog No: #AP79243

Package Size: #AP79243-1 50ug #AP79243-2 100ug #AP79243-3 1mg

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Description

Product Name	Advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor
Brief Description	Recombinant Protein
Host Species	E.coli
Purification	Greater than 90% by SDS-PAGE
Species Reactivity	Human
Immunogen Description	Recombinant protein
Other Names	RAGE, Receptor for advanced glycosylation end products
Accession No.	Q15109 Gene name: AGER
Uniprot	Q15109
GeneID	177;
Tag Info	His
Formulation	50mM NaH ₂ PO ₄ , 500mM NaCl Buffer with 500mM Imidazole, 10% glycerol (pH 8.0)
Storage	Store at -20C. (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.) Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.

Background

Mediates interactions of advanced glycosylation end products (AGE). These are nonenzymatically glycosylated proteins which accumulate in vascular tissue in aging and at an accelerated rate in diabetes. Acts as a mediator of both acute and chronic vascular inflammation in conditions such as atherosclerosis and in particular as a complication of diabetes. AGE/RAGE signaling plays an important role in regulating the production/expression of TNF-alpha, oxidative stress, and endothelial dysfunction in type 2 diabetes. Interaction with S100A12 on endothelium, mononuclear phagocytes, and lymphocytes triggers cellular activation, with generation of key proinflammatory mediators. Interaction with S100B after myocardial infarction may play a role in myocyte apoptosis by activating ERK1/2 and p53/TP53 signaling (By similarity). Receptor for amyloid beta peptide. Contributes to the translocation of amyloid-beta peptide (ABPP) across the cell membrane from the extracellular to the intracellular space in cortical neurons. ABPP-initiated RAGE signaling, especially stimulation of p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK), has the capacity to drive a transport system delivering ABPP as a complex with RAGE to the intraneuronal space. Can also bind oligonucleotides.

References

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Note: This product is for in vitro research use only