# p53(acetyl K370) Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #HW221

Package Size: #HW221-1 50ul #HW221-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

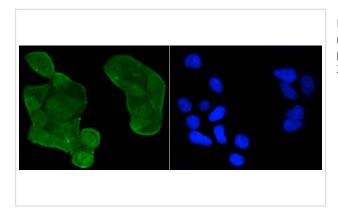
$\overline{}$			4.5	
	esc	rır	۱tic	۱n
$\boldsymbol{\nu}$	coc	ш	νuc	/1

Product Name	p53(acetyl K370) Rabbit mAb	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Clone No.	SR40-09	
Purification	ProA affinity purified	
Applications	WB, ICC/IF, IP	
Species Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rt	
Immunogen Description	recombinant protein	
Other Names	Antigen NY-CO-13 antibody BCC7 antibody Cellular tumor antigen p53 antibody FLJ92943 antibody LFS1	
	antibody Mutant tumor protein 53 antibody p53 antibody p53 tumor suppressor antibody P53_HUMAN	
	antibody Phosphoprotein p53 antibody Tp53 antibody Transformation related protein 53 antibody TRP53	
	antibody Tumor protein 53 antibody Tumor protein p53 antibody Tumor suppressor p53 antibody	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:P04637	
Uniprot	P04637	
GeneID	7157;	
Calculated MW	53 kDa	
Formulation	1*TBS (pH7.4), 1%BSA, 40%Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.	
Storage	Store at -20°C	

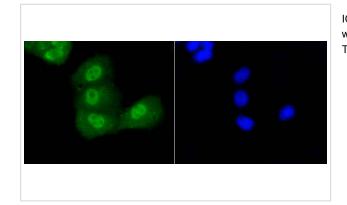
# Application Details

WB: 1:1,000-1:2,000 ICC: 1:50-1:200

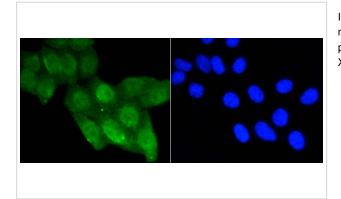
## **Images**



ICC staining p53(acetyl K370) in Hela cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



ICC staining p53(acetyl K370) in PANC-1 cells (green). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



ICC staining p53(acetyl K370) in HepG2 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.

### Background

p53, a DNA-binding, oligomerization domain- and transcription activation domain-containing tumor suppressor, upregulates growth arrest and apoptosis-related genes in response to stress signals, thereby influencing programmed cell death, cell differentiation, and cell cycle control mechanisms. p53 localizes to the nucleus, yet can be chaperoned to the cytoplasm by the negative regulator, MDM2. MDM2 is an E3 ubiquitin ligase that is upregulated in the presence of active p53, where it poly-ubiquitinates p53 for proteasome targeting. p53 fluctuates between latent and active DNA-binding conformations and is differentially activated through posttranslational modifications, including phosphorylation and acetylation. Mutations in the DNA-binding domain (DBD) of p53, amino acids 110-286, can compromise energetically-favorable association with cis elements and are implicated in several human cancers.

#### References

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only