Product Datasheet

RPE65 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #49495

Package Size: #49495-1 50ul #49495-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com
Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

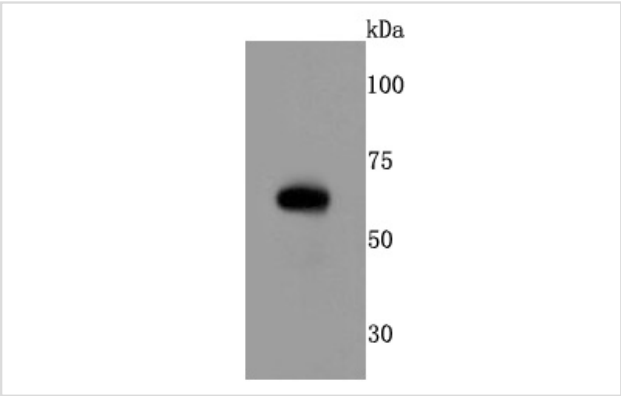
Product Name	RPE65 Rabbit mAb
Host Species	Recombinant Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal antibody
Clone No.	JM61-51
Purification	ProA affinity purified
Applications	WB, IP
Species Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rt
Immunogen Description	recombinant protein
Other Names	All-trans-retinyl-palmitate hydrolase antibody LCA 2 antibody LCA2 antibody Leber congenital amaurosis antibody mRPE 65 antibody mRPE65 antibody p63 antibody rd 12 antibody rd12 antibody Retinal pigment epithelium specific 61 kDa protein antibody Retinal pigment epithelium specific 65 kDa protein antibody Retinal pigment epithelium specific protein antibody Retinal pigment epithelium specific protein 65kDa antibody Retinal pigment epithelium-specific 65 kDa protein antibody Retinitis pigmentosa 20 antibody Retinoid isomerohydrolase antibody Retinol isomerase antibody RP 20 antibody RP20 antibody RPE 65 antibody RPE65 antibody RPE65_HUMAN antibody sRPE 65 antibody sRPE65 antibody
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q16518
Uniprot	Q16518
GeneID	6121;
Calculated MW	61 kDa
Concentration	1 mg/mL
Formulation	1*TBS (pH7.4), 1%BSA, 40%Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C

Application Details

WB: 1:1,000-1:2,000

IP: 1:10-1:50

Images



Western blot analysis of RPE65 on mouse eyeball cells lysates using anti-RPE65 antibody at 1/500 dilution.

Background

The retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) is a monolayer simple epithelium in proximity to the outer surface of the retinal photoreceptor cells. Retinal pigment epithelium-specific protein (RPE65) is a 65kDa protein belonging to the beta-carotene dioxygenase family. This protein is important in 11-cis retinal production as well as in visual pigment regeneration. RPE65 is attached to the membrane by a lipid anchor when palmitoylated (membrane form) and soluble when unpalmitoylated. The soluble form of the protein binds vitamin A. Defects in RPE65 causes autosomal dominant retinitis pigmentosa and/or Leber congenital amaurosis type 2.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only