HDAC8(Phospho-Ser39) Antibody

Catalog No: #11128

Package Size: #11128-1 50ul #11128-2 100ul

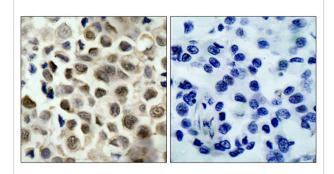


Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

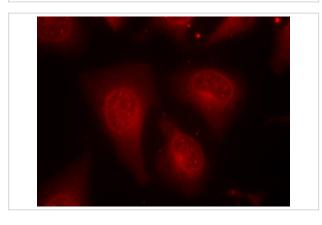
Description			
Product Name	HDAC8(Phospho-Ser39) Antibody		
Host Species	Rabbit		
Clonality	Polyclonal		
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates.		
	Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho		
	specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.		
Applications	IHC IF		
Species Reactivity	Hu		
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of HDAC8 only when phosphorylated at serine 39.		
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH		
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine 39 (R-A-S(p)-M-V) derived from Human HDAC8.		
Target Name	HDAC8		
Modification	Phospho		
Other Names	HD8; HDA8; HDACL1		
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: Q9BY41NCBI Protein: NP_001159890.1		
Uniprot	Q9BY41		
GenelD	55869;		
Concentration	1.0mg/ml		
Formulation	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02%		
	sodium azide and 50% glycerol.		
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.		

pplication Details				
Predicted MW: 42kd				
Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1	-1:100			
Immunofluorescence: 1:100~1	1:200			

Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue using HDAC8(Phospho-Ser39) Antibody #11128(left) or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide(right).



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed Hela cells using HDAC8(Phospho-Ser39) Antibody #11128.

Background

Histones play a critical role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression, and developmental events. Histone acetylation/deacetylation alters chromosome structure and affects transcription factor access to DNA. The protein encoded by HDAC8 gene belongs to class I of the histone deacetylase family. It catalyzes the deacetylation of lysine residues in the histone N-terminal tails and represses transcription in large multiprotein complexes with transcriptional co-repressors. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. Lee H, et al. (2004) Mol Cell Biol. 24(2): 765-773.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only