Mouse MYC-induced nuclear antigen (MINA) ELISA Kit

Catalog No: #EK9576

Package Size: #EK9576-1 48T #EK9576-2 96T



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description		
Product Name	Mouse MYC-induced nuclear antigen (MINA) ELISA Kit	
Brief Description	ELISA Kit	
Applications	ELISA	
Species Reactivity	Mouse (Mus musculus)	
Other Names	DKFZp762O1912; FLJ14393; MDIG; MINA53; NO52; mineral dust induced gene protein myc-induced nuclear	
	antigen; 53 kDa	
Accession No.	Q8CD15	
Uniprot	Q8CD15	
GeneID	67014;	
Storage	The stability of ELISA kit is determined by the loss rate of activity. The loss rate of this kit is less than 5%	
	within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.	
	The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test. Keep the kit at 37C for 4 and 7 days,	
	and compare O.D.values of the kit kept at 37C with that of at recommended temperature. (referring from China	
	Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation. For ELISA kit, 4 days storage	
	at 37C can be considered as 6 months at 2 - 8C, which means 7 days at 37C equaling 12 months at 2 - 8C).	

Application Details

Sensitivity:Request Information Sample Type:Serum, Plasma, Other biological fluids Sample Volume: 1-200 µL Assay Time:1-4.5h	Detect Range:Request Information	
Sample Volume: 1-200 µL	Sensitivity:Request Information	
	Sample Type:Serum, Plasma, Other biological fluids	
Assay Time:1-4.5h	Sample Volume: 1-200 µL	
	Assay Time:1-4.5h	
Detection wavelength:450 nm	Detection wavelength:450 nm	

Product Description

Detection Method:SandwichTest principle:This assay employs a two-site sandwich ELISA to quantitate MINA in samples. An antibody specific for MINA has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and anyMINA present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After removing any unbound substances, a biotin-conjugated antibody specific for MINA is added to the wells. After washing, Streptavidin conjugated Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound avidin-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of MINA bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only