## Guinea pig Leptospira (IgG) ELISA Kit

Catalog No: #EK10111

Package Size: #EK10111-1 48T #EK10111-2 96T



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Description	
Product Name	Guinea pig Leptospira (IgG) ELISA Kit
Brief Description	ELISA Kit
Applications	ELISA
Species Reactivity	Guinea pig (Cavia)

within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

The stability of ELISA kit is determined by the loss rate of activity. The loss rate of this kit is less than 5%

The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test. Keep the kit at 37C for 4 and 7 days, and compare O.D.values of the kit kept at 37C with that of at recommended temperature. (referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation. For ELISA kit, 4 days storage at 37C can be considered as 6 months at 2 - 8C, which means 7 days at 37C equaling 12 months at 2 - 8C).

## **Application Details**

Storage

Detect Range:1.23-100 μg/mL
Sensitivity:0.48 μg/mL
Sample Type:Serum, Plasma, Other biological fluids
Sample Volume: 1-200 μL
Assay Time:1-4.5h
Detection wavelength:450 nm

## **Product Description**

Detection Method:SandwichTest principle:This assay employs a two-site sandwich ELISA to quantitate Leptospira in samples. An antibody specific for Leptospira has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and anyLeptospira present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After removing any unbound substances, a biotin-conjugated antibody specific for Leptospira is added to the wells. After washing, Streptavidin conjugated Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound avidin-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of Leptospira bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured. Product Overview: Immunoglobulin G (IgG) is a monomeric immunoglobulin, built of two heavy chains  $\gamma$  and two light chains. Each IgG has two antigen binding sites. It is the most abundant immunoglobulin and is approximately equally distributed in blood and in tissue liquids, constituting 75% of serum immunoglobulins in humans. IgG molecules are synthesised and secreted by plasma B cells. IgG antibodies are predominately involved in the secondary antibody response, which occurs approximately one month following antigen recognition, thus the presence of specific IgG generally corresponds to maturation of the antibody response. This is the only isotype that can pass through the human placenta, thereby providing protection to the fetus in utero. Along with IgA secreted in the breast milk, residual IgG absorbed through the placenta provides the neonate with humoral immunity before its own immune system develops.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only