

Cat Acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha (CHRNA1) ELISA Kit



Catalog No: #EK11088

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com

Package Size: #EK11088-1 48T #EK11088-2 96T

Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	Cat Acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha (CHRNA1) ELISA Kit
Brief Description	ELISA Kit
Applications	ELISA
Species Reactivity	Cat (Felis catus, Feline)
Other Names	ACHRA; ACHRD; CHRNA; CMS2A; FCCMS; SCCMS; cholinergic receptor; nicotinic; alpha polypeptide 1 (muscle) nicotinic acetylcholine receptor alpha subunit nicotinic cholinergic receptor alpha 1
Accession No.	P54250
Uniprot	P54250
Storage	The stability of ELISA kit is determined by the loss rate of activity. The loss rate of this kit is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test. Keep the kit at 37C for 4 and 7 days, and compare O.D. values of the kit kept at 37C with that of at recommended temperature. (referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation. For ELISA kit, 4 days storage at 37C can be considered as 6 months at 2 - 8C, which means 7 days at 37C equaling 12 months at 2 - 8C).

Application Details

Detect Range: 0.156-10 ng/mL

Sensitivity: 0.078 ng/mL

Sample Type: Serum, Plasma, Other biological fluids

Sample Volume: 1-200 µL

Assay Time: 1-4.5h

Detection wavelength: 450 nm

Product Description

Detection Method: Sandwich Test principle: This assay employs a two-site sandwich ELISA to quantitate CHRNA1 in samples. An antibody specific for CHRNA1 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any CHRNA1 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After removing any unbound substances, a biotin-conjugated antibody specific for CHRNA1 is added to the wells. After washing, Streptavidin conjugated Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound avidin-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of CHRNA1 bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only