# Integrin-linked protein kinase Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #42192



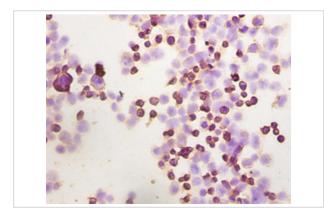
Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

| Description           | Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Product Name          | Integrin-linked protein kinase Polyclonal Antibody   |
| Host Species          | Rabbit   |
| Clonality             | Polyclonal   |
| Purification          | Caprylic Acid Ammonium Sulfate Precipitation purified  |
| Applications          | IHC  |
| Species Reactivity    | Hu   |
| Specificity           | The antibody detects endogenous level of total Integrin-linked protein kinase polyclonal antibody. |
| Immunogen Type        | protein  |
| Immunogen Description | Recombinant human Integrin-linked protein kinase protein   |
| Target Name           | Integrin-linked protein kinase   |
| Other Names           | 59 kDa serine/threonine-protein kinase, ILK-1, ILK-2, p59ILK                                       |
| Accession No.         | Swiss-Prot#: Q13418  |
| Uniprot               | Q13418   |
| GeneID                | 3611;  |
| Formulation           | Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300 Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4                      |
| Storage               | Store at -20°C   |
|                       |  |

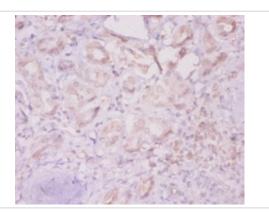
## Application Details

Immunohistochemistry: 1:20 - 1:200

### **Images**



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded 293T cells using #42192 at dilution of 1:100.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded humankidney using #42192 at dilution of 1:20.

## Background

Receptor-proximal protein kinase regulating integrin-mediated signal transduction. May act as a mediator of inside-out integrin signaling. Focal adhesion protein part of the complex ILK-PINCH. This complex is considered to be one of the convergence points of integrin- and growth factor-signaling pathway. Could be implicated in mediating cell architecture, adhesion to integrin substrates and anchorage-dependent growth in epithelial cells. Phosphorylates beta-1 and beta-3 integrin subunit on serine and threonine residues, but also AKT1 and GSK3B.

#### References

[1] "Regulation of cell adhesion and anchorage-dependent growth by a new beta 1-integrin-linked protein kinase." Hannigan G.E., Leung-Hagesteijn C., Fitz-Gibbon L., Coppolino M.G., Radeva G., Filmus J., Bell J.C., Dedhar S.Nature 379:91-96(1996

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only