CNGA2 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C31060



 Package Size:
 #C31060-AF350 100ul
 #C31060-AF405 100ul
 #C31060-AF488 100ul

 #C31060-AF555 100ul
 #C31060-AF594 100ul
 #C31060-AF647 100ul

 #C31060-AF680 100ul
 #C31060-AF750 100ul
 #C31060-Biotin 100ul

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Description

Product Name	CNGA2 Conjugated Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Species Reactivity	Hu
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total CNGA2 protein.
Immunogen Description	Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 475-662 amino acids of human cyclic nucleotide gated
	channel alpha 2
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Other Names	cyclic nucleotide gated channel alpha 2, CNCA, CNG2, CNCA1, OCNC1, OCNCa, OCNCALPHA
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:NCBI Gene ID:NCBI mRNA#:BC126302NCBI Protein#:
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm
	AF405: 401nm/421nm
	AF488: 493nm/519nm
	AF555: 555nm/565nm
	AF594: 591nm/614nm
	AF647: 651nm/667nm
	AF680: 679nm/702nm
	AF750: 749nm/775nm
Calculated MW	76
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°Cin dark for 6 months

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:	
AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250	
Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000	

Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits and were purified by antigen affinity-chromatography.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene represents the alpha subunit of a cyclic nucleotide-gated olfactory channel. The encoded protein contains a carboxy-terminal leucine zipper that mediates channel formation.?Odorant signal transduction is probably mediated by a G-protein coupled cascade using cAMP as second messenger. The olfactory channel can be shown to be activated by cyclic nucleotides which leads to a depolarization of olfactory sensory neurons.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only