VDAC3 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C42830



 Package Size:
 #C42830-AF350 100ul
 #C42830-AF405 100ul
 #C42830-AF488 100ul

 #C42830-AF555 100ul
 #C42830-AF594 100ul
 #C42830-AF647 100ul

 #C42830-AF680 100ul
 #C42830-AF750 100ul
 #C42830-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

| Product Name | VDAC3 Conjugated Antibody |
|-----------------------|---|
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Species Reactivity | Hu |
| Specificity | The antibody detects endogenous levels of total VDAC3 protein. |
| Immunogen Description | Full length fusion protein of human VDAC3 |
| Conjugates | Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750 |
| Other Names | VDAC-3; HD-VDAC3 |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot#:Q9Y277NCBI Gene ID:7419NCBI mRNA#:BC056870NCBI Protein#: |
| Uniprot | Q9Y277 |
| GeneID | 7419; |
| Excitation Emission | AF350: 346nm/442nm |
| | AF405: 401nm/421nm |
| | AF488: 493nm/519nm |
| | AF555: 555nm/565nm |
| | AF594: 591nm/614nm |
| | AF647: 651nm/667nm |
| | AF680: 679nm/702nm |
| | AF750: 749nm/775nm |
| Calculated MW | 31KD |
| Formulation | 0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide |
| Storage | Store at 4°Cin dark for 6 months |
| | |

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:

| AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
|---|--|--|
| AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated str | | |

Background

This gene encodes a voltage-dependent anion channel (VDAC), and belongs to the mitochondrial porin family. VDACs are small, integral membrane proteins that traverse the outer mitochondrial membrane and conduct ATP and other small metabolites. They are known to bind several kinases of intermediary metabolism, thought to be involved in translocation of adenine nucleotides, and are hypothesized to form part of the mitochondrial permeability transition pore, which results in the release of cytochrome c at the onset of apoptotic cell death. Alternatively transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by?

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only