DDB1 antibody

Catalog No: #22929

Description



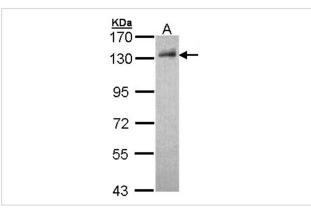
Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com

Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

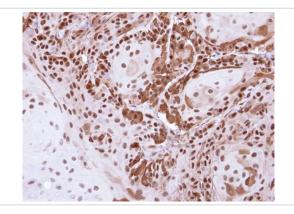
Product Name	DDB1 antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.
Applications	WB IHC IF
Species Reactivity	Ни
Immunogen Type	Recombinant protein
Immunogen Description	Recombinant protein fragment contain a sequence corresponding to a region within amino acids 749 and 1123
	of DDB1
Target Name	DDB1
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot:Q16531Gene ID:1642
Uniprot	Q16531
GenelD	1642;
Concentration	0.8mg/ml
Formulation	Supplied in 0.1M Tris-buffered saline with 10% Glycerol (pH7.0). 0.01% Thimerosal was added as a
	preservative.
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.

Application Details Predicted MW: 127kd Western blotting: 1:500-1:3000 Immunohistochemistry: 1:50-1:500 Immunofluorescence: 1:100-1:200

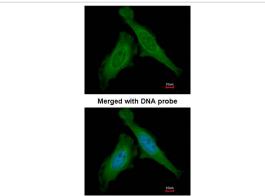
Images



Sample (30 ug of whole cell lysate) A: Hep G2 7.5% SDS PAGE Primary antibody diluted at 1: 1000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Cal27 Xenograft, using DDB1 antibody at 1: 500 dilution.



Immunofluorescence analysis of paraformaldehyde-fixed HeLa, using DDB1 antibody at 1: 200 dilution.

Background

This gene encodes the large subunit of DNA damage-binding protein which is a heterodimer composed of a large and a small subunit. This protein functions in nucleotide-excision repair. Its defective activity causes the repair defect in the patients with xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group E (XPE). However, it remains for mutation analysis to demonstrate whether the defect in XPE patients is in this gene or the gene encoding the small subunit. In addition, Best vitelliform mascular dystrophy is mapped to the same region as this gene on 11q, but no sequence alternations of this gene are demonstrated in Best disease patients. [provided by RefSeq]

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only