

PGP9.5 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C33472



Package Size: #C33472-AF350 100ul #C33472-AF405 100ul #C33472-AF488 100ul
 #C33472-AF555 100ul #C33472-AF594 100ul #C33472-AF647 100ul
 #C33472-AF680 100ul #C33472-AF750 100ul #C33472-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com
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Description

Product Name	PGP9.5 Conjugated Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total PGP9.5 protein.
Immunogen Description	Synthesized peptide derived from human PGP9.
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Other Names	UCH-L1;neuron cytoplasmic protein 9.5;ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1;ubiquitin thiolesterase L1
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:P09936NCBI Gene ID:7345
Uniprot	P09936
GeneID	7345;
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm AF405: 401nm/421nm AF488: 493nm/519nm AF555: 555nm/565nm AF594: 591nm/614nm AF647: 651nm/667nm AF680: 679nm/702nm AF750: 749nm/775nm
Calculated MW	28
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:

AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
 AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
 AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
 AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
 AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
 AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
 AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
 AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

Product Description

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Background

Ubiquitin-protein hydrolase involved both in the processing of ubiquitin precursors and of ubiquitinated proteins. This enzyme is a thiol protease that recognizes and hydrolyzes a peptide bond at the C-terminal glycine of ubiquitin. Also binds to free monoubiquitin and may prevent its degradation in lysosomes. The homodimer may have ATP-independent ubiquitin ligase activity.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only