EDA Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C36433



 Package Size:
 #C36433-AF350 100ul
 #C36433-AF405 100ul
 #C36433-AF488 100ul

 #C36433-AF555 100ul
 #C36433-AF594 100ul
 #C36433-AF647 100ul

 #C36433-AF680 100ul
 #C36433-AF750 100ul
 #C36433-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	EDA Conjugated Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total EDA protein.
Immunogen Description	Fusion protein corresponding to residues near the C terminal of human ectodysplasin A
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Other Names	ED1; HED; EDA1; EDA2; HED1; ODT1; XHED; ECTD1; XLHED; ED1-A1; ED1-A2; EDA-A1; EDA-A2; STHAGX1
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q92838NCBI Gene ID:1896NCBI Protein#:BC126143
Uniprot	Q92838
GenelD	1896;
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm
	AF405: 401nm/421nm
	AF488: 493nm/519nm
	AF555: 555nm/565nm
	AF594: 591nm/614nm
	AF647: 651nm/667nm
	AF680: 679nm/702nm
	AF750: 749nm/775nm
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:

AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated st

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a type II membrane protein that can be cleaved by furin to produce a secreted form. The encoded protein, which belongs to the tumor necrosis factor family, acts as a homotrimer and may be involved in cell-cell signaling during the development of ectodermal organs. Defects in this gene are a cause of ectodermal dysplasia, anhidrotic, which is also known as X-linked hypohidrotic ectodermal dysplasia. Several transcript variants encoding many different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only