

UBP1 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C37699



Package Size: #C37699-AF350 100ul #C37699-AF405 100ul #C37699-AF488 100ul
 #C37699-AF555 100ul #C37699-AF594 100ul #C37699-AF647 100ul
 #C37699-AF680 100ul #C37699-AF750 100ul #C37699-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com
 Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	UBP1 Conjugated Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total UBP1 protein.
Immunogen Description	Synthetic peptide corresponding to a region derived from internal residues of human upstream binding protein 1
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Other Names	LBP1A; LBP1B; LBP-1B; LBP-1a
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q9NZI7NCBI Gene ID:7342NCBI Protein#:NP_982288
Uniprot	Q9NZI7
GeneID	7342;
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm AF405: 401nm/421nm AF488: 493nm/519nm AF555: 555nm/565nm AF594: 591nm/614nm AF647: 651nm/667nm AF680: 679nm/702nm AF750: 749nm/775nm
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:

AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000

Background

LBP1 (Upstream-binding protein 1), also designated UBP1, LBP1A or LBP1B, is a 540 amino acid protein that belongs to the grh/CP2 family (grainyhead transcription factor family). LBP1 is a transcriptional activator that regulates the placental expression of CYP11A1 and activates the Hemoglobin globin promoter in erythroid cells. LBP1 is responsible for repressing transcription of HIV-1 by binding to and preventing TFIID from interacting with its promoter region. Null expression of LBP1 causes uterine growth retardation in mice embryos suggesting a critical role in extraembryonic angiogenesis. LBP1 localizes to the nucleus and is expressed in adrenal tissue, Hep G2, JEG-3, and HeLa cell lines. It forms two natural variants by alternative splicing. LBP1 can form homodimers as well as heterodimers with LBP-9. LBP-9 suppresses the expression of LBP1.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only