RAD1 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C38168



Package Size: #C38168-AF350 100ul #C38168-AF405 100ul #C38168-AF488 100ul

#C38168-AF555 100ul #C38168-AF594 100ul #C38168-AF647 100ul

#C38168-AF680 100ul #C38168-AF750 100ul #C38168-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

| Product Name | RAD1 Conjugated Antibody |
|-----------------------|---|
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Species Reactivity | Hu Ms Rt |
| Specificity | The antibody detects endogenous level of total RAD1 antibody. |
| Immunogen Description | Recombinant protein of human RAD1. |
| Conjugates | Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750 |
| Other Names | RAD1;HRAD1;REC1; |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot#:060671NCBI Gene ID:5810 |
| Uniprot | O60671 |
| GeneID | 5810; |
| Excitation Emission | AF350: 346nm/442nm |
| | AF405: 401nm/421nm |
| | AF488: 493nm/519nm |
| | AF555: 555nm/565nm |
| | AF594: 591nm/614nm |
| | AF647: 651nm/667nm |
| | AF680: 679nm/702nm |
| | AF750: 749nm/775nm |
| Calculated MW | 30-40 |
| Formulation | 0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide |
| Storage | Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months |
| | |

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:

AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000

Background

This gene encodes a component of a heterotrimeric cell cycle checkpoint complex, known as the 9-1-1 complex, that is activated to stop cell cycle progression in response to DNA damage or incomplete DNA replication. The 9-1-1 complex is recruited by RAD17 to affected sites where it may attract specialized DNA polymerases and other DNA repair effectors. Alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only