ADIPOQ Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C38421



 Package Size:
 #C38421-AF350 100ul
 #C38421-AF405 100ul
 #C38421-AF488 100ul

 #C38421-AF555 100ul
 #C38421-AF594 100ul
 #C38421-AF647 100ul

 #C38421-AF680 100ul
 #C38421-AF750 100ul
 #C38421-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

| Product Name | ADIPOQ Conjugated Antibody |
|-----------------------|---|
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Species Reactivity | Hu Ms Rt |
| Specificity | The antibody detects endogenous level of total ADIPOQ antibody. |
| Immunogen Description | Recombinant protein of human ADIPOQ. |
| Conjugates | Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750 |
| Other Names | ACDC; ADPN; APM1; APM-1; GBP28; ACRP30; ADIPQTL1; |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot#:Q15848NCBI Gene ID:9370 |
| Uniprot | Q15848 |
| GeneID | 9370; |
| Excitation Emission | AF350: 346nm/442nm |
| | AF405: 401nm/421nm |
| | AF488: 493nm/519nm |
| | AF555: 555nm/565nm |
| | AF594: 591nm/614nm |
| | AF647: 651nm/667nm |
| | AF680: 679nm/702nm |
| | AF750: 749nm/775nm |
| Calculated MW | 28 |
| Formulation | 0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide |
| Storage | Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months |
| | |

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:

| AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
|---|--|--|
| AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250 | | |
| Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000 | | |

Background

Adiponectin, also termed AdipoQ, Acrp30, apM1 and GBP28, is an adipokine expressed exclusively in brown and white adipocytes (1). It is secreted into the blood and exists in three major forms: a low molecular weight trimer, a medium molecular weight hexamer and a high molecular weight multimer (1). Adiponectin levels are decreased in obese and insulin-resistant mice and humans (2), suggesting that this adipokine is critical to maintain insulin sensitivity. Adiponectin stimulates the phosphorylation of AMPKα at Thr172 and activates AMPK in skeletal muscle (3). It also stimulates glucose uptake in myocytes (3). The block of AMPK activation by a dominant-negative AMPKα2 isoform inhibits the effect of adiponectin on glucose uptake, indicating that adiponectin stimulates glucose uptake and increases insulin sensitivity through its action on AMPK (3). Adiponectin mutants that are not able to form oligomers larger than trimers have no effect on the AMPK pathway (4). Mutations that render adiponectin unable to form high molecular weight multimers are associated with human diabetes (4), indicating the importance of multimerization for adiponectin activity.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only