Charged multivesicular body protein 2a Polyclonal Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C42415



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Package Size:	#C42415-AF350 100ul	#C42415-AF405 100ul	#C42415-AF488 100ul
	#C42415-AF555 100ul	#C42415-AF594 100ul	#C42415-AF647 100ul
	#C42415-AF680 100ul	#C42415-AF750 100ul	#C42415-Biotin 100ul

Description

Product Name	Charged multivesicular body protein 2a Polyclonal Conjugated Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Species Reactivity	Hu	
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total Charged multivesicular body protein 2a polyclonal antibody.	
Immunogen Description	Recombinant human Charged multivesicular body protein 2a protein	
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750	
Other Names	CHMP2A	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:O43633	
Uniprot	O43633	
GeneID	27243;	
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm	
	AF405: 401nm/421nm	
	AF488: 493nm/519nm	
	AF555: 555nm/565nm	
	AF594: 591nm/614nm	
	AF647: 651nm/667nm	
	AF680: 679nm/702nm	
	AF750: 749nm/775nm	
Calculated MW	24	
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide	
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months	

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:
AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

Background

Probable core component of the endosomal sorting required for transport complex III (ESCRT-III) which is involved in multivesicular bodies (MVBs) formation and sorting of endosomal cargo proteins into MVBs. MVBs contain intraluminal vesicles (ILVs) that are generated by invagination and scission from the limiting membrane of the endosome and mostly are delivered to lysosomes enabling degradation of membrane proteins, such as stimulated growth factor receptors, lysosomal enzymes and lipids. The MVB pathway appears to require the sequential function of ESCRT-O, -I,-II and -III complexes. ESCRT-III proteins mostly dissociate from the invaginating membrane before the ILV is released. The ESCRT machinery also functions in topologically equivalent membrane fission events, such as the terminal stages of cytokinesis and the budding of enveloped viruses (HIV-1 and other lentiviruses). ESCRT-III proteins are believed to mediate the necessary vesicle extrusion and/or membrane fission activities, possibly in conjunction with the AAA ATPase VPS4. Involved in HIV-1 p6- and p9-dependent virus release.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only