METTL7A Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C43392



 Package Size:
 #C43392-AF350 100ul
 #C43392-AF405 100ul
 #C43392-AF488 100ul

 #C43392-AF555 100ul
 #C43392-AF594 100ul
 #C43392-AF647 100ul

 #C43392-AF680 100ul
 #C43392-AF750 100ul
 #C43392-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	METTL7A Conjugated Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Species Reactivity	Hu
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total METTL7A protein.
Immunogen Description	Fusion protein of human METTL7A
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Other Names	AAM-B
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q9H8H3NCBI Gene ID:25840NCBI mRNA#:BC004492
Uniprot	Q9H8H3
GeneID	25840;
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm
	AF405: 401nm/421nm
	AF488: 493nm/519nm
	AF555: 555nm/565nm
	AF594: 591nm/614nm
	AF647: 651nm/667nm
	AF680: 679nm/702nm
	AF750: 749nm/775nm
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:
AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000

METTL7A (methyltransferase like 7A), also known as AAM-B, is a 244 amino acid protein that is thought to function as a methyltransferase and is encoded by a gene which maps to chromosome 12. Encoding over 1,100 genes, chromosome 12 comprises nearly 4.5% of the human genome and is associated with a number of skeletal deformaties, including hypochondrogenesis, achondrogenesis and Kniest dysplasia. Chromosome 12 is also home to both a homeobox gene cluster which encodes crucial transcription factors for morphogenesis, and a natural killer complex gene cluster encoding C-type lectin proteins which mediate the NK cell response to MHC I interaction. Additionally, Trisomy 12p (three copies of the p arm of chromosome 12) leads to facial developmental defects, seizure disorders and a host of other symptoms varying in severity depending on the extent of mosaicism.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only