C1orf106 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C46368



 Package Size:
 #C46368-AF350 100ul
 #C46368-AF405 100ul
 #C46368-AF488 100ul

 #C46368-AF555 100ul
 #C46368-AF594 100ul
 #C46368-AF647 100ul

 #C46368-AF680 100ul
 #C46368-AF750 100ul
 #C46368-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	C1orf106 Conjugated Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Species Reactivity	Ни	
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total C1orf106 protein.	
Immunogen Description	Synthetic protein corresponding to residues near the C terminal of human C1orf106	
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q3KP66NCBI Gene ID:55765NCBI Protein#:BC106877	
Uniprot	Q3KP66	
GenelD	55765;	
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm	
	AF405: 401nm/421nm	
	AF488: 493nm/519nm	
	AF555: 555nm/565nm	
	AF594: 591nm/614nm	
	AF647: 651nm/667nm	
	AF680: 679nm/702nm	
	AF750: 749nm/775nm	
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide	
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months	

pplication Details	
Suggested Dilution:	
AF350 conjugated: most appli	ations: 1: 50 - 1:
AF405 conjugated: most appli	ations: 1: 50 - 1: 2:
AF488 conjugated: most appli	ations: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF555 conjugated: most appli	ations: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF594 conjugated: most appli	ations: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF647 conjugated: most appli	ations: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF680 conjugated: most appli	ations: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF750 conjugated: most appli	ations: 1: 50 - 1: 250
Biotin conjugated: working wit	ı enzyme-conjugatec

Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of continuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been identified in 1q which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is linked to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma. The C1orf106 gene product has been provisionally designated C1orf106 pending further characterization.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only