ELL2 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C47102



 Package Size:
 #C47102-AF350 100ul
 #C47102-AF405 100ul
 #C47102-AF488 100ul

 #C47102-AF555 100ul
 #C47102-AF594 100ul
 #C47102-AF647 100ul

 #C47102-AF680 100ul
 #C47102-AF750 100ul
 #C47102-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	ELL2 Conjugated Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Species Reactivity	Hu
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total ELL2 protein.
Immunogen Description	Synthetic peptide of human ELL2
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:000472 NCBI Gene ID:22936NCBI Protein#:NP_036213
Uniprot	O00472
GenelD	22936;
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm
	AF405: 401nm/421nm
	AF488: 493nm/519nm
	AF555: 555nm/565nm
	AF594: 591nm/614nm
	AF647: 651nm/667nm
	AF680: 679nm/702nm
	AF750: 749nm/775nm
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months

Application Details
Suggested Dilution:
AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000

Background

ELL2 (RNA polymerase II elongation factor ELL2) is a 640 amino acid nuclear protein that belongs to the ELL/occludin family. This family is defined by a highly conserved domain of approximately 100 amino residues found within all eukaryotic occludin proteins and the RNA polymerase II elongation factor ELL. These elongation factors activate elongation by suppressing transient pausing by polymerase at many sites along the DNA and govern its interaction with RNA polymerase II and the ternary elongation complex. ELL2 may also contain a novel type of RNA polymerase II interaction domain that is capable of negatively regulating polymerase activity in promoter-specific transcription initiation in vitro.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only