FAM19A4 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C47436



 Package Size:
 #C47436-AF350 100ul
 #C47436-AF405 100ul
 #C47436-AF488 100ul

 #C47436-AF555 100ul
 #C47436-AF594 100ul
 #C47436-AF647 100ul

 #C47436-AF680 100ul
 #C47436-AF750 100ul
 #C47436-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	FAM19A4 Conjugated Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Species Reactivity	Hu, Ms
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total FAM19A4 protein.
Immunogen Description	Fusion protein of human FAM19A4
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Other Names	TAFA4; TAFA-4
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q96LR4NCBI Gene ID:151647NCBI Protein#:BC031566
Uniprot	Q96LR4
GeneID	151647;
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm
	AF405: 401nm/421nm
	AF488: 493nm/519nm
	AF555: 555nm/565nm
	AF594: 591nm/614nm
	AF647: 651nm/667nm
	AF680: 679nm/702nm
	AF750: 749nm/775nm
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months

Application Details

;	Suggested Dilution:
,	AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
,	AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
,	AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
,	AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
,	AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
,	AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
,	AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
,	AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250
I	Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000

Background

This gene is a member of the TAFA family which is composed of five highly homologous genes that encode small secreted proteins. These proteins contain conserved cysteine residues at fixed positions, and are distantly related to MIP-1alpha, a member of the CC-chemokine family. The TAFA proteins are predominantly expressed in specific regions of the brain, and are postulated to function as brain-specific chemokines or neurokines, that act as regulators of immune and nervous cells. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed for this gene.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only