

AKR1E2 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog No: #C28326



Package Size: #C28326-AF350 100ul #C28326-AF405 100ul #C28326-AF488 100ul
 #C28326-AF555 100ul #C28326-AF594 100ul #C28326-AF647 100ul
 #C28326-AF680 100ul #C28326-AF750 100ul #C28326-Biotin 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com
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Description

Product Name	AKR1E2 Conjugated Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Applications	most applications
Species Reactivity	Hu
Immunogen Description	Recombinant fusion protein of human AKR1E2 (NP_001035267.1).
Conjugates	Biotin AF350 AF405 AF488 AF555 AF594 AF647 AF680 AF750
Other Names	AKR1E2; AKR1CL2; AKRDC1; LoopADR; hTSP; htAKR; TAKR; 1,5-anhydro-D-fructose reductase
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q96JD6NCBI Gene ID:83592
Uniprot	Q96JD6
GeneID	83592;
Excitation Emission	AF350: 346nm/442nm AF405: 401nm/421nm AF488: 493nm/519nm AF555: 555nm/565nm AF594: 591nm/614nm AF647: 651nm/667nm AF680: 679nm/702nm AF750: 749nm/775nm
Calculated MW	Refer to figures
Formulation	0.01M Sodium Phosphate, 0.25M NaCl, pH 7.6, 5mg/ml Bovine Serum Albumin, 0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 4°C in dark for 6 months

Application Details

Suggested Dilution:

AF350 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF405 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF488 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF555 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF594 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF647 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF680 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

AF750 conjugated: most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 250

Biotin conjugated: working with enzyme-conjugated streptavidin, most applications: 1: 50 - 1: 1,000

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the aldo-keto reductase superfamily. Members in this family are characterized by their structure (evolutionarily highly conserved TIM barrel) and function (NAD(P)H-dependent oxido-reduction of carbonyl groups). Transcripts of this gene have been reported in specimens of human testis. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only