

CNTNAP2 Antibody

Catalog No: #46529

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Description

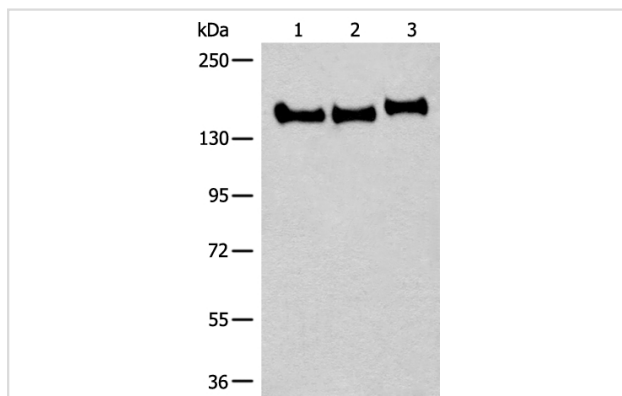
Product Name	CNTNAP2 Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Applications	WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total CNTNAP2 protein.
Immunogen Type	peptide
Immunogen Description	Synthetic protein corresponding to residues near the C terminal of human CNTNAP2
Target Name	CNTNAP2
Other Names	CDFE; NRXN4; AUTS15; CASPR2; PTHSL1
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot:Q9UHC6NCBI Gene ID:26047NCBI Protein:BC113373
Uniprot	Q9UHC6
GeneID	26047;
Calculated MW	148 kDa
Concentration	0.8mg/ml
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C

Application Details

Western blotting: 1:200-1:1000

Immunohistochemistry: 1: 20-100

Images



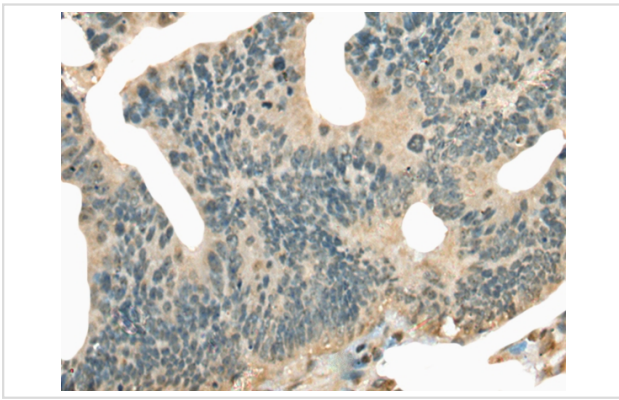
Gel: 6%SDS-PAGE

lysate: 40 µg, Lane 1-3: Rat brain tissue, Mouse brain tissue and Human cerebrum tissue lysates,

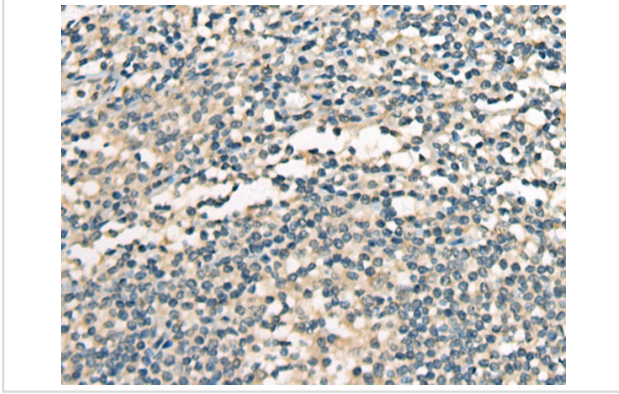
Primary antibody: 46529 (CNTNAP2 Antibody) at dilution 1/350

Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution,

Exposure time: 1 minute



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using 46529(CNTNAP2 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x200)



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using 46529(CNTNAP2 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x200)

Background

This gene encodes a member of the neurexin family which functions in the vertebrate nervous system as cell adhesion molecules and receptors. This protein, like other neurexin proteins, contains epidermal growth factor repeats and laminin G domains. In addition, it includes an F5/8 type C domain, discoidin/neuropilin- and fibrinogen-like domains, thrombospondin N-terminal-like domains and a putative PDZ binding site. This protein is localized at the juxtaparanodes of myelinated axons, and mediates interactions between neurons and glia during nervous system development and is also involved in localization of potassium channels within differentiating axons. This gene encompasses almost 1.5% of chromosome 7 and is one of the largest genes in the human genome. It is directly bound and regulated by forkhead box protein P2 (FOXP2), a transcription factor related to speech and language development. This gene has been implicated in multiple neurodevelopmental disorders, including Gilles de la Tourette syndrome, schizophrenia, epilepsy, autism, ADHD and mental retardation.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only