

BAD Antibody

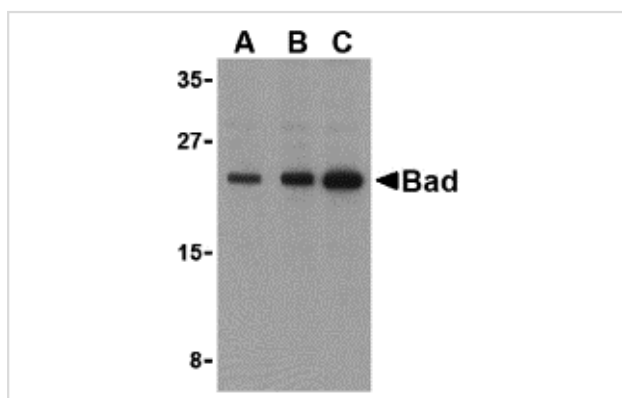
Catalog No: #24248

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.comSupport: tech@signalwayantibody.com

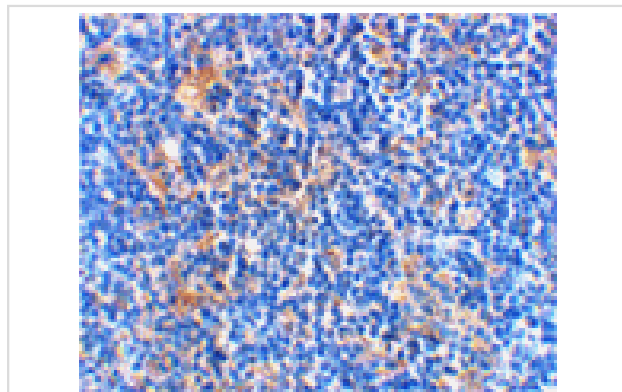
Description

Product Name	BAD Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Ion exchange chromatography purified
Applications	ELISA WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Immunogen Type	Peptide
Immunogen Description	Raised against a peptide corresponding to 15 amino acids near the C-terminus of human Bad.
Target Name	BAD
Other Names	Bcl-2-like 8
Accession No.	Q92934
Uniprot	Q92934
GeneID	572;
Concentration	1mg/ml
Formulation	Supplied in PBS containing 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Can be stored at -20°C, stable for one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Images



Western blot analysis of Bad in T24 cell lysates with Bad antibody at (A) 0.5, (B) 1, and (C) 2 ug/mL.



Immunohistochemical staining of rat thymus using Bad at 2 ug/mL.

Background

Members in the Bcl-2 family are critical regulators of apoptosis by either inhibiting or promoting cell death. Bcl-2 homology 3 (BH3) domain containing pro-apoptotic proteins, such as Bax, Bid, and Bik, form a growing subclass of the Bcl-2 family. Another such protein is the Bcl-2-antagonist of cell death (Bad). Bad regulates apoptosis by forming heterodimers with anti-apoptotic proteins Bcl-2 and Bcl-xL, thereby preventing them from binding with Bax. Bad activity is regulated by its phosphorylation; it is inactivated by kinases such as Akt and MAP kinase and thus promotes cell survival, whereas JNK-induced phosphorylation promotes the apoptotic role of Bad.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only