

Bad (phospho Ser134) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #14055



Package Size: #14055-1 50ul #14055-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.comSupport: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product Name | Bad (phospho Ser134) Polyclonal Antibody |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Applications | WB,IHC-p,IF/ICC,ELISA |
| Species Reactivity | Human,Mouse,Rat |
| Specificity | Phospho-Bad (S134) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Bad protein only when phosphorylated at S134. |
| Immunogen Description | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human BAD around the phosphorylation site of Ser134. AA range:100-149 |
| Other Names | BAD; BBC6; BCL2L8; Bcl2 antagonist of cell death; BAD; Bcl-2-binding component 6; Bcl-2-like protein 8; Bcl2-L-8; Bcl-XL/Bcl-2-associated death promoter |
| Accession No. | Swiss Prot:Q92934GeneID:572 |
| Uniprot | Q92934 |
| GeneID | 572 |
| SDS-PAGE MW | 28 |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Storage | -20°C/1 |

Application Details

Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Background

BCL2 associated agonist of cell death(BAD) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the BCL-2 family. BCL-2 family members are known to be regulators of programmed cell death. This protein positively regulates cell apoptosis by forming heterodimers with BCL-xL and BCL-2, and reversing their death repressor activity. Proapoptotic activity of this protein is regulated through its phosphorylation. Protein kinases AKT and MAP kinase, as well as protein phosphatase calcineurin were found to be involved in the regulation of this protein. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only