Adiponectin Antibody

Catalog No: #24323

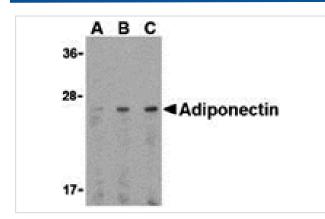
Description



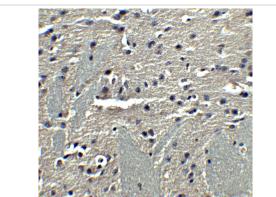
Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Product Name	Adiponectin Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Affinity chromatography purified via peptide column
Applications	ELISA WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Immunogen Type	Peptide
Immunogen Description	Raised against a 15 amino acid peptide from near the carboxy terminus of human adiponectin.
Target Name	Adiponectin
Other Names	ACRP30
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot:Q15848Gene ID:9370
Uniprot	Q15848
GenelD	9370;
Concentration	1mg/ml
Formulation	Supplied in PBS containing 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Can be stored at -20°C, stable for one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated
	freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Images



Western blot analysis of adiponectin in HL60 cell lysate with adiponectin antibody at (A) 0.5, (B) 1, and (C) 2 ug/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of Adiponectin in mouse brain tissue with Adiponectin antibody at 5 $\mu\text{g/ml}.$

Background

Adipose tissue of an organism plays a major role in regulating physiologic and pathologic processes such as metabolism and immunity by producing and secreting a variety of bioactive molecules termed adipokines. One highly conserved family of adipokines is adiponectin/ACRP30 and its structural and functional paralogs, the C1q/tumor necrosis factor-alpha-related proteins (CTRPs) 1-7. Unlike the CTRPs, which are expressed in a wide variety of tissues, adiponectin is reported to be expressed exclusively by differentiated adipocytes. These proteins are thought to act mainly on liver and muscle tissue to control glucose and lipid metabolism. An analysis of the crystal structure of adiponectin revealed a structural and evolutionary link between TNF and C1q-containing proteins, suggesting that these proteins arose from a common ancestral innate immunity gene. It is present in high levels in normal human plasma, but is reduced in obese subjects and often in those with increased insulin resistance and type 2 diabetes, suggesting that adiponectin may be a useful pharmacological target in various metabolic diseases.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only