

Norrin Antibody

Catalog No: #24872

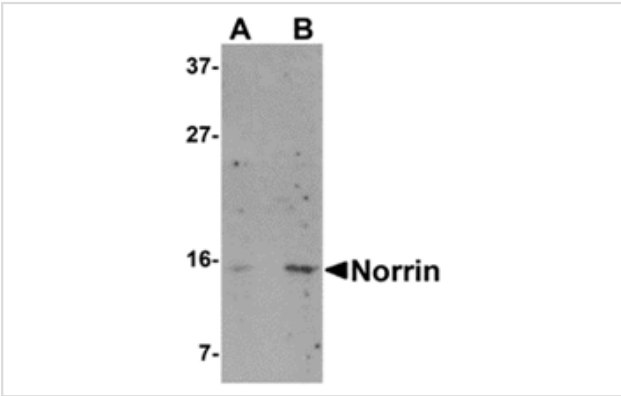


Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com
Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

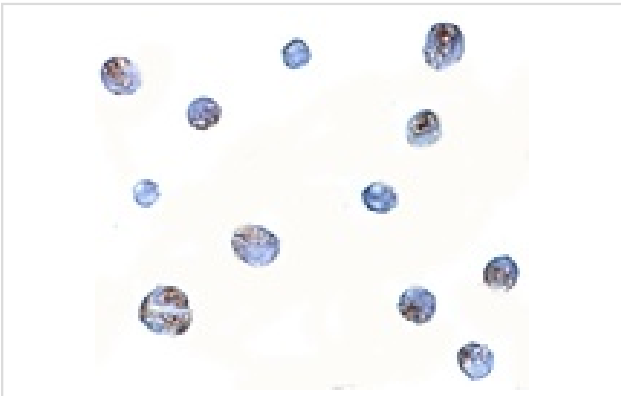
Description

Product Name	Norrin Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Affinity chromatography purified via peptide column
Applications	ELISA WB ICC
Species Reactivity	Hu
Immunogen Type	Peptide
Immunogen Description	Raised against an 18 amino acid peptide from near the amino terminus of human Norrin.
Target Name	Norrin
Other Names	Norrin, Norrie disease protein, NDP, ND, EVR2, FEVR
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot:Q00604Gene ID:4693
Uniprot	Q00604
GeneID	4693;
Concentration	1mg/ml
Formulation	Supplied in PBS containing 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Can be stored at -20°C, stable for one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Images



Western blot analysis of Norrin in Jurkat cell lysate with Norrin antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 ug/mL.



Immunocytochemistry of Norrin in Jurkat cells with Norrin antibody at 5 ug/mL.

Background

Norrie disease is an X-linked genetic disorder characterized by progressive atrophy of the eyes, mental disturbances and deafness. The gene responsible for this disease was initially identified through positional cloning. Norrin, the gene product, encodes a small secreted, cysteine-rich protein that is thought to act as a ligand for the Wnt-receptor/beta-catenin signal pathway despite having sequence homology with the Wnt family of proteins. Mice lacking this gene have abnormal blood vessel growth in the vitreous and a disorganized retina; transgenic ectopic expression of Norrin restores normal retinal vasculature. Recent evidence shows that Norrin can attenuate tPA and uPA-mediated death of transformed rat retinal ganglion cells (RGC-5) by activating the Wnt/beta-catenin pathway and regulating the phosphorylation of LRP-1, a cell surface receptor for tPA and uPA, suggesting the Norrin may function in vivo by regulating kinases which may alter the phosphorylation of LRP-1.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only