

Daxx Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #52748

Package Size: #52748-1 50ul #52748-2 100ul

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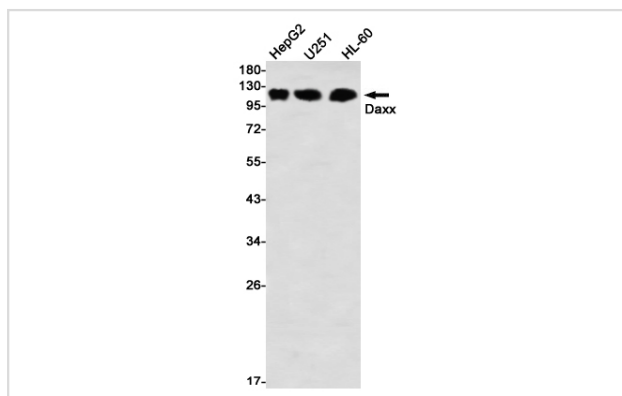
Description

Product Name	Daxx Rabbit mAb
Host Species	Recombinant Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal antibody
Clone No.	S07-7F4
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity Purified
Applications	WB
Species Reactivity	Human
Immunogen Description	A synthetic peptide of human Daxx
Conjugates	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodification
Other Names	DAP6; EAP1; BING2; SMIM40
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot:Q9UER7GeneID:1616
Uniprot	Q9UER7
GeneID	1616
Calculated MW	Calculated MW:81 kDa,Observed MW:110 kDa
Concentration	0.3 mg/ml
Formulation	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Application Details

WB: 1/2000

Images



Western blot detection of Daxx in HepG2,U251,HL-60 using Daxx Rabbit mAb(1:1000 diluted)

Background

Transcription corepressor known to repress transcriptional potential of several sumoylated transcription factors. Down-regulates basal and activated transcription. Its transcription repressor activity is modulated by recruiting it to subnuclear compartments like the nucleolus or PML/POD/ND10 nuclear bodies through interactions with MCSR1 and PML, respectively. Seems to regulate transcription in PML/POD/ND10 nuclear bodies together with PML and may influence TNFRSF6-dependent apoptosis thereby. Inhibits transcriptional activation of PAX3 and ETS1 through direct protein-protein interactions. Modulates PAX5 activity; the function seems to involve CREBBP. Acts as an adapter protein in a MDM2-DAXX-USP7 complex by regulating the RING-finger E3 ligase MDM2 ubiquitination activity. Under non-stress condition, in association with the deubiquitinating USP7, prevents MDM2 self-ubiquitination and enhances the intrinsic E3 ligase activity of MDM2 towards TP53, thereby promoting TP53 ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation. Upon DNA damage, its association with MDM2 and USP7 is disrupted, resulting in increased MDM2 autoubiquitination and consequently, MDM2 degradation, which leads to TP53 stabilization.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only