# XBP1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #52887

Package Size: #52887-1 50ul   #52887-2 100ul

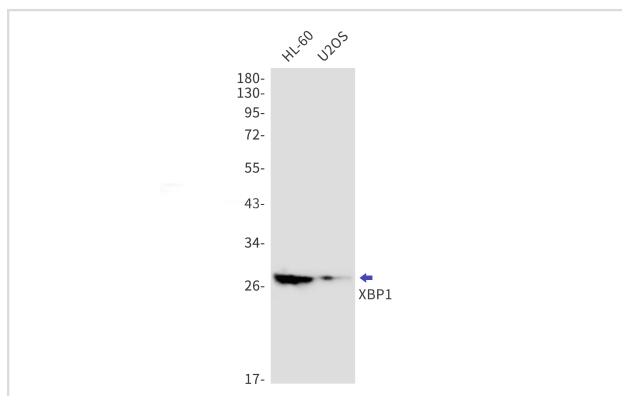## Description

| | |
|---|---|
| Product Name | XBP1 Rabbit mAb |
| Host Species | Recombinant Rabbit |
| Clonality | Monoclonal antibody |
| Clone No. | S04-3E2 |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Purification | Affinity Purified |
| Applications | WB |
| Species Reactivity | Human,Mouse |
| Immunogen Description | Recombinant protein of human XBP1 |
| Conjugates | Unconjugated |
| Modification | Unmodification |
| Other Names | XBP2; TREB5; XBP-1; TREB-5 |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot:P17861GeneID:7494 |
| Uniprot | P17861 |
| GeneID | 7494 |
| Calculated MW | Calculated MW:29 kDa,Observed MW:29 kDa |
| Concentration | 0.3 mg/ml |
| Formulation | 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA |
| Storage | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |

## Application Details

WB: 1/1000

## Images



Western blot detection of XBP1 in HL-60,U2OS cell lysates using XBP1 Rabbit mAb(1:1000 diluted).Predicted band size:29kDa.Observed band size:29kDa.

## Background

This gene encodes a transcription factor that regulates MHC class II genes by binding to a promoter element referred to as an X box. This gene product is a bZIP protein, which was also identified as a cellular transcription factor that binds to an enhancer in the promoter of the T cell leukemia virus type 1 promoter. It may increase expression of viral proteins by acting as the DNA binding partner of a viral transactivator. It has been found that upon accumulation of unfolded proteins in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER), the mRNA of this gene is processed to an active form by an unconventional splicing mechanism that is mediated by the endonuclease inositol-requiring enzyme 1 (IRE1). The resulting loss of 26 nt from the spliced mRNA causes a frame-shift and an isoform XBP1(S), which is the functionally active transcription factor. The isoform encoded by the unspliced mRNA, XBP1(U), is constitutively expressed, and thought to function as a negative feedback regulator of XBP1(S), which shuts off transcription of target genes during the recovery phase of ER stress. A pseudogene of XBP1 has been identified and localized to chromosome 5. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only