PD-1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #26034

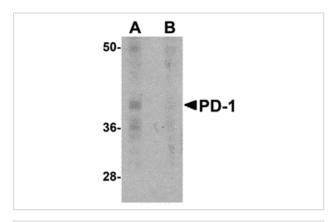


Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

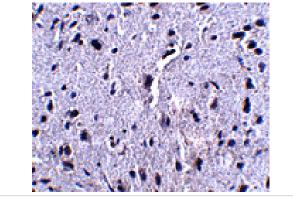
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PD-1 Monoclonal Antibody
Mouse
Monoclonal
mAb (Clone 7A11B1)
Immunoaffinity chromotography purified IgG
ELISA WB IHC
Hu Ms Rt
Recombinant protein
A ~150 amino acid recombinant protein from near the terminus terminus of mouse PD-1.
PD-1
PD-1 (7A11B1), Programmed cell death 1, PDCD-1, CD279
Swiss-Prot:Q02242Gene ID:18566
Q02242
18566;
1mg/ml
Supplied in PBS containing 0.02% sodium azide.
Can be stored at -20°C, stable for one year.

Images



Western blot analysis of PD-1 in A-20 cell lysate with PD-1 antibody at 1 ug/mL in the (A) absence and (B) presence of blocking recombinant protein.



Immunohistochemistry of PD-1 in mouse brain tissue with PD-1 antibody at 2.5 μ

Background

Cell-mediated immune responses are initiated by T lymphocytes that are themselves stimulated by cognate peptides bound to MHC molecules on antig en-presenting cells (APC). T-cell activation is generally self-limited as activated T cells express receptors such as PD-1 (also known as PDCD-1) that mediate inhibitory signals from the APC. PD-1 can bind two different but related ligands, PDL-1 and PDL-2. Upon binding to either of these ligands, signals generated by PD-1 inhibit the activation of the immune response in the absence of "danger signals" such as LPS or other molecules associated with bacteria or other pathogens. Evidence for this is seen in PD1-null mice who exhibit hyperactivated immune systems and autoimmune diseases. Despite its predicted molecular weight, PD-1 often migrates at higher molecular weight in SDS-PAGE.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only