## Recombinant Human BD-4

Catalog No: #70904



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Description	Support. tech@signalwayantibody.com
Product Name	Recombinant Human BD-4
Brief Description	Recombinant Protein
Host Species	E.coli
Purification	> 98 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Target Name	rHu BD-4
Other Names	Defensin beta4
Accession No.	accession:Q8WTQ1 GeneID:140596
Uniprot	Q8WTQ1
GeneID	140596;503618;
Calculated MW	Approximately 6.0 kDa, a singl
SDS-PAGE MW	Sterile Filtered White lyophil
Target Sequence	EFELDRICGY GTARCRKKCR SQEYRIGRCP NTYACCLRKW DESLLNRTKP
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 130 mM NaCl.
Storage	This lyophilized preparation is stable at 2-8 °C, but should be kept at -20 °C for long term storage, preferably
	desiccated. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8 °C. For maximal stability,
	apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20 °C to -70 °C. Avoid repeated
	freeze thaw cycles.

## Background

Defensins (alpha and beta) are cationic peptides with antimicrobial activity against Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria, fungi, and enveloped viruses. They are 2-6 kDa proteins and take important roles in innate immune system. On the basis of their size and pattern of disulfide bonding, mammalian defensins are classified into alpha, beta and theta categories.  $\beta$ -defensins contain a six-cysteine motif that forms three intra-molecular disulfide bonds. Four human  $\beta$ -defensins have been identified and they are expressed on some leukocytes and at epithelial surfaces. Because  $\beta$ -defensins is cationic peptides, they can therefore interact with the membrane of invading microbes, which are negative due to lipopolysaccharides (LPS) and lipoteichoic acid (LTA) found in the cell membrane. Especially, they have higher affinity to the binding site compared to Ca2+ and Mg2+ ions. Furthermore, they can affect the stability of the membrane.

## References

- 1. Musumeci G, Carnazza ML, Loreto C, et al. 2012. Acta Histochem, 114: 805-12.
- 2. Biragyn A, Ruffini PA, Leifer CA, et al. 2002. Science, 298: 1025-9.
- 3. Otte JM, Neumann HM, Brand S, et al. 2009. Eur J Clin Invest, 39: 126-38.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only