STAT1(Ab-701) Antibody

Catalog No: #21044

Package Size: #21044-1 50ul #21044-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

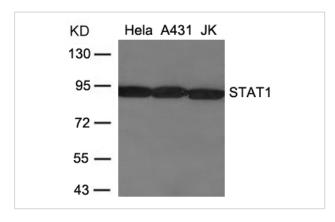
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Product Name	STAT1(Ab-701) Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic peptide and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were
	purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific peptide.
Applications	WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total STAT1 protein.
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around aa. 699~703 (T-G-Y-I-K) derived from Human STAT1.
Target Name	STAT1
Other Names	CANDF7, ISGF-3, STAT91
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: P42224NCBI Protein: NP _009330.1
Uniprot	P42224
GeneID	6772;
SDS-PAGE MW	84,91kd
Concentration	1.0mg/ml
Formulation	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02%
	sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.

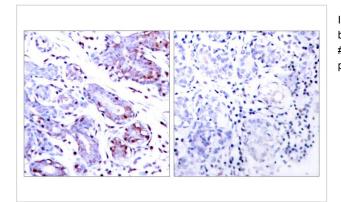
Application Details

Predicted MW: 84,91kd
Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000
Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from Hela, A431 and JK cells using STAT1(Ab-701) Antibody #21044.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using STAT1(Ab-701) Antibody #21044(left) or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide(right).

Background

Signal transducer and activator of transcription that mediates signaling by interferons (IFNs). Following type I IFN (IFN-a and IFN-beta) binding to cell surface receptors, Jak kinases (TYK2 and JAK1) are activated, leading to tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT1 and STAT2. The phosphorylated STATs dimerize, associate with ISGF3G/IRF-9 to form a complex termed ISGF3 transcription factor, that enters the nucleus. ISGF3 binds to the IFN stimulated response element (ISRE) to activate the transcription of interferon stimulated genes, which drive the cell in an antiviral state. In response to type II IFN (IFN-gamma), STAT1 is tyrosine- and serine-phosphorylated. It then forms a homodimer termed IFN-gamma-activated factor (GAF), migrates into the nucleus and binds to the IFN gamma activated sequence (GAS) to drive the expression of the target genes, inducing a cellular antiviral state.

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Durbin J E, et al. (1996) Cell. 84: 443-450.

Meraz M A, et al. (1996) Cell. 84: 431-442.

Wakao H, et al. (1994) EMBO J. 13: 2182-2191.

Demoulin J, B. et al. (1999) J Biol Chem. 274: 25855-258

Ihle J N, et al. (1994) Trends Biochem Sci. 19: 222-227.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only