

CALR Antibody

Catalog No: #31077

Package Size: #31077-1 50ul #31077-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com

Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Product Name | CALR Antibody |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Applications | ELISA WB IHC |
| Species Reactivity | Hu Ms |
| Specificity | The antibody detects endogenous level of total CALR protein. |
| Immunogen Type | Recombinant protein |
| Immunogen Description | Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 20-218 amino acids of human calreticulin |
| Target Name | CALR |
| Other Names | Calreticulin, RO; CRT; SSA; cC1qR |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot:P27797Gene ID:811; |
| Uniprot | P27797 |
| GeneID | 811; |
| Formulation | Rabbit IgG in pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol. |
| Storage | Store at -20°C/1 year |

Application Details

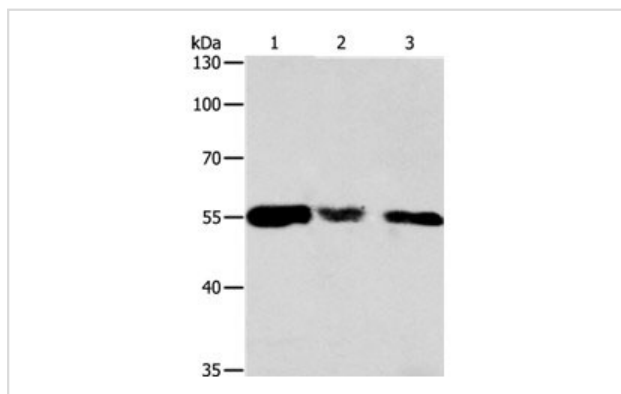
Predicted MW: 48kd

ELISA: 1:2000-1:10000

Western blotting: 1:1000-1:5000

Immunohistochemistry: 1:50-1:200

Images



Gel: 10%SDS-PAGE

Lane1: Hela cell lysate

Lane2: 293T cell lysate

Lane3: NIH/3T3 cell lysate

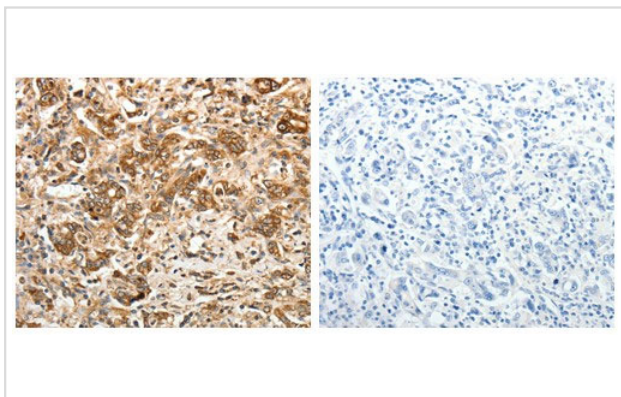
Lysates: 40 ug per lane

Primary antibody: 1/500 dilution

Secondary antibody: Goat anti Rabbit IgG - H&L (HRP) at

1/10000 dilution

Exposure time: 30 seconds



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human gastric cancer tissue using 31077 (CALR Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with the fusion protein.

Background

Calreticulin is a multifunctional protein that acts as a major Ca^{2+} -binding (storage) protein in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum. It is also found in the nucleus, suggesting that it may have a role in transcription regulation. Calreticulin binds to the synthetic peptide KLGFFKR, which is almost identical to an amino acid sequence in the DNA-binding domain of the superfamily of nuclear receptors. Calreticulin binds to antibodies in certain sera of systemic lupus and Sjogren patients which contain anti-Ro/SSA antibodies, it is highly conserved among species, and it is located in the endoplasmic and sarcoplasmic reticulum where it may bind calcium. The amino terminus of calreticulin interacts with the DNA-binding domain of the glucocorticoid receptor and prevents the receptor from binding to its specific glucocorticoid response element.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only