## Bax (Phospho-Thr167) Antibody

Catalog No: #11680

Package Size: #11680-1 50ul #11680-2 100ul



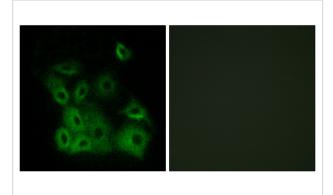
Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

| Description           |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Product Name          | Bax (Phospho-Thr167) Antibody   |
| Host Species          | Rabbit  |
| Clonality             | Polyclonal  |
| Purification          | Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates.        |
|                       | Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho  |
|                       | specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.                           |
| Applications          | IF  |
| Species Reactivity    | Hu  |
| Specificity           | The antibody detects endogenous levels of Bax only when phosphorylated at threonine 167.                |
| Immunogen Type        | Peptide-KLH   |
| Immunogen Description | Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of threonine167 (P-G-T(p)-P-T) derived from Human Bax.     |
| Target Name           | Вах   |
| Modification          | Phospho   |
| Other Names           | BAXA; Apoptosis regulator BAX; membrane isoform alpha; Bcl2-associated X protein;                       |
| Accession No.         | Swiss-Prot#: Q07812; NCBI Gene#: 581; NCBI Protein#: NP_620116.1.                                       |
| Uniprot               | Q07812  |
| GeneID                | 581;  |
| SDS-PAGE MW           | 21kd  |
| Concentration         | 1.0mg/ml  |
| Formulation           | Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide |
|                       | and 50% glycerol.   |
| Storage               | Store at -20°C/1 year   |
|                       |   |

## **Application Details**

Immunofluorescence: 1:100~1:200

## Images



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed A549 cells using Bax (Phospho-Thr167) Antibody #11680.

## Background

Accelerates programmed cell death by binding to, and antagonizing the apoptosis repressor BCL2 or its adenovirus homolog E1B 19k protein. Under stress conditions, undergoes a conformation change that causes translocation to the mitochondrion membrane, leading to the release of cytochrome c that then triggers apoptosis. Promotes activation of CASP3, and thereby apoptosis.

Francesca Andriani. J Natl Cancer Inst, Sep 2001; 93: 1314 - 1324.

H Martinez-Valdez. J. Exp. Med., Mar 1996; 183: 971.

Joslyn K. Brunelle. J. Biol. Chem., Feb 2004; 279: 4305 - 4312.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only