

SNAI1 (Phospho-Ser246) Antibody

Catalog No: #11709



Package Size: #11709-1 50ul #11709-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.comSupport: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

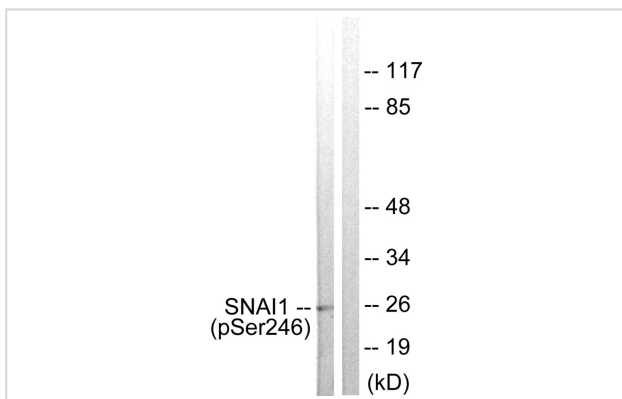
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|-----------------------|--|
| Product Name | SNAI1 (Phospho-Ser246) Antibody |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Purification | Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide. |
| Applications | WB IF |
| Species Reactivity | Hu Ms |
| Specificity | The antibody detects endogenous levels of SNAI1 only when phosphorylated at serine 246. |
| Immunogen Type | Peptide-KLH |
| Immunogen Description | Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of Serine 246(T-F-S(p)-R-M) derived from Human SNAI1. |
| Target Name | SNAI1 |
| Modification | Phospho |
| Other Names | SNAH; SNAI; Sna; Snail; |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot#: O95863; NCBI Gene#: 6615; NCBI Protein#: NP_005976.2. |
| Uniprot | O95863 |
| GeneID | 6615; |
| SDS-PAGE MW | 29kd |
| Concentration | 1.0mg/ml |
| Formulation | Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. |
| Storage | Store at -20°C/1 year |

Application Details

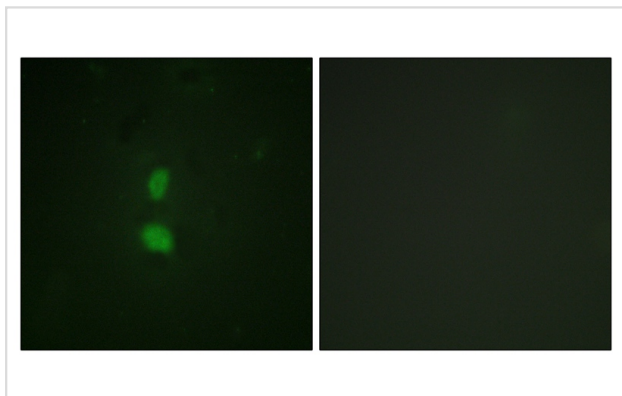
Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000

Immunofluorescence: 1:100~1:200

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from HT29 cells using SNAI1 (Phospho-Ser246) Antibody #11709. The lane on the right is treated with the antigen-specific peptide.



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HuvEc cells using SNAI1 (Phospho-Ser246) Antibody #11709.

Background

Involved in induction of the epithelial to mesenchymal transition (EMT), formation and maintenance of embryonic mesoderm, growth arrest, survival and cell migration. Binds to 3 E-boxes of the E-cadherin/CDH1 gene promoter and to the promoters of CLDN7 and KRT8 and, in association with histone demethylase KDM1A which it recruits to the promoters, causes a decrease in dimethylated H3K4 levels and represses transcription. Associates with EGR1 and SP1 to mediate tetradecanoyl phorbol acetate (TPA)-induced up-regulation of CDKN2B, possibly by binding to the CDKN2B promoter region 5'-TCACA-3. In addition, may also activate the CDKN2B promoter by itself.

Okubo T., *Cancer Res.* 61:1338-1346(2001).

Twigg S.R., *Hum. Genet.* 105:320-326(1999).

Paznekas W.A., *Genomics* 62:42-49(1999).

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only