## CtBP1 (Phospho-Ser422) Antibody

Catalog No: #11796

Package Size: #11796-1 50ul #11796-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description			
Product Name	CtBP1 (Phospho-Ser422) Antibody		
Host Species	Rabbit		
Clonality	Polyclonal		
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates.		
	Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho		
	specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.		
Applications	WB IHC		
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt		
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of CtBP1 only when phosphorylated at serine 422.		
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH		
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of Serine 422(A-P-S(p)-P-G) derived from Human CtBP1.		
Target Name	CtBP1		
Modification	Phospho		
Other Names	CTBP; C-terminal binding protein 1; EC 1.1.1;		
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#: Q13363; NCBI Gene#: 1487; NCBI Protein#: NP_001319.1.		
Uniprot	Q13363		
GeneID	1487;		
SDS-PAGE MW	48kd		
Concentration	1.0mg/ml		
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide		
	and 50% glycerol.		
Storage	Store at -20°C/1 year		

Application Details		
Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000	)	

Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from Jurkat cells treated with TNF using CtBP1 (Phospho-Ser422) Antibody #11796.The lane on the right is treated with the antigen-specific peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using CtBP1 (Phospho-Ser422) antibody #11796 (left)or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide (right).

## Background

This gene encodes a protein that binds to the C-terminus of adenovirus E1A proteins. This phosphoprotein is a transcriptional repressor and may play a role during cellular proliferation. This protein and the product of a second closely related gene, CTBP2, can dimerize. Both proteins can also interact with a polycomb group protein complex which participates in regulation of gene expression during development. Alternative splicing of transcripts from this gene results in multiple transcript variants.

Schaeper U., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92:10467-10471(1995).

Sewalt R.G.A.B., Mol. Cell. Biol. 19:777-787(1999).

The MGC Project Team, Genome Res. 14:2121-2127(2004).

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only