

HMGCR Antibody

Catalog No: #32356

Package Size: #32356-1 50ul #32356-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com

Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

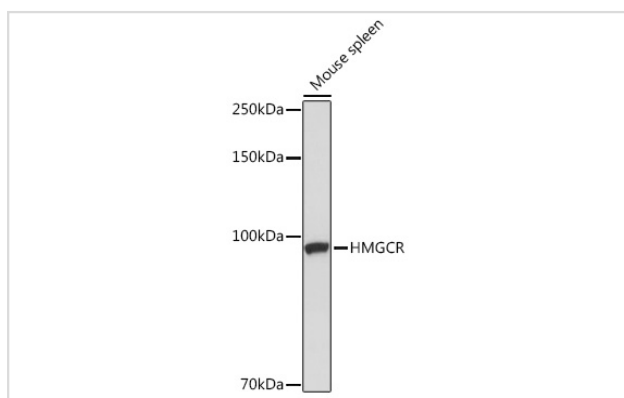
Description

Product Name	HMGCR Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Applications	WB,IHC,IF
Species Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total HMGCR protein.
Immunogen Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Description	Recombinant fusion protein of human HMGCR (NP_000850.1).
Target Name	HMGCR
Other Names	HMGCR;LDLCQ3;HMGCR
Accession No.	Uniprot:P04035GeneID:3156
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GeneID	3156
SDS-PAGE MW	97kDa
Concentration	1.0mg/ml
Formulation	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

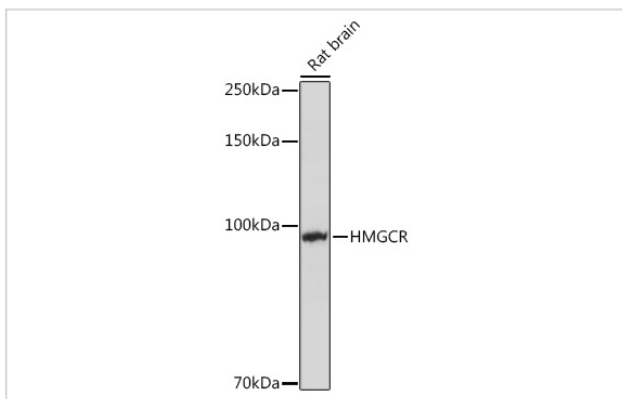
Application Details

WB □ 1:1000 - 1:4000 IHC □ 1:50 - 1:100 IF □ 1:50 - 1:200

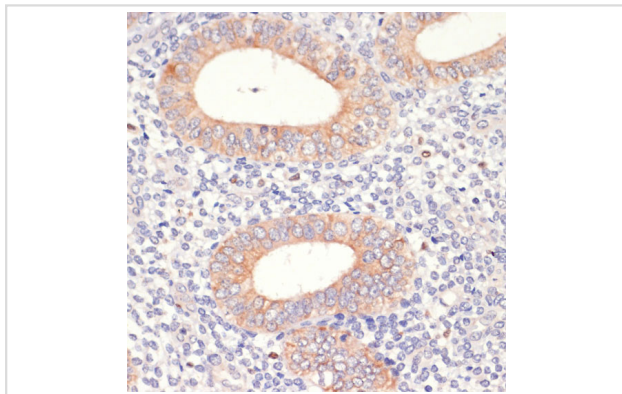
Images



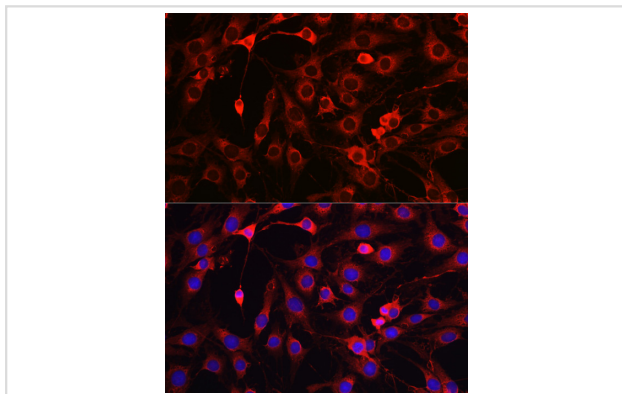
Western blot analysis of extracts of Mouse spleen, using HMGCR Rabbit pAb.



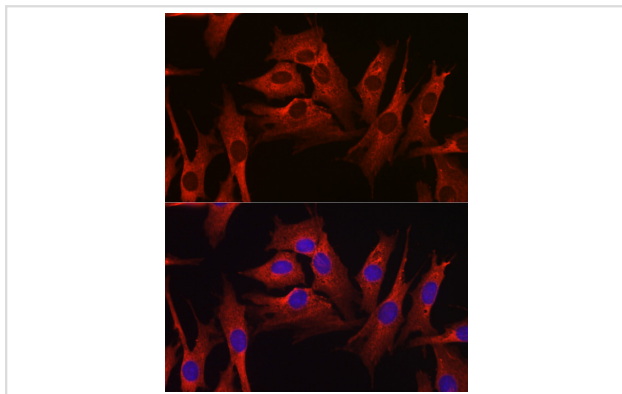
Western blot analysis of extracts of Rat brain, using HMGR Rabbit pAb.



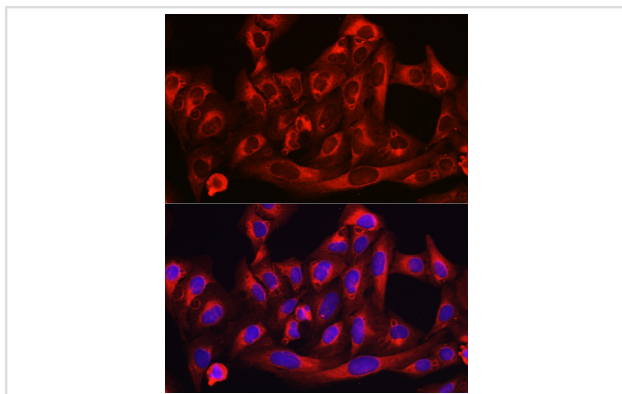
Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human uterine cancer using HMGR antibody.



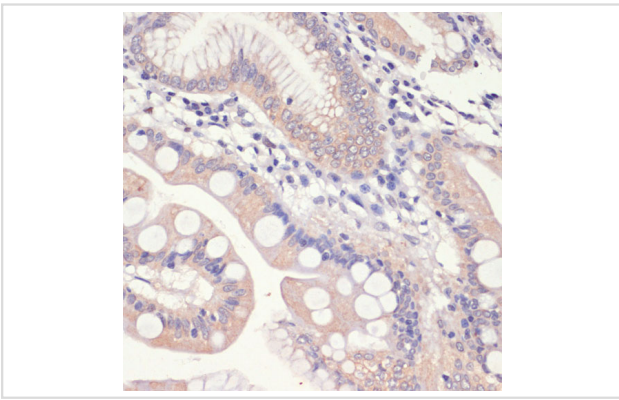
Immunofluorescence analysis of C6 cells using HMGR Rabbit pAb.



Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH-3T3 cells using HMGR Rabbit pAb.



Immunofluorescence analysis of U-2 OS cells using HMGR Rabbit pAb.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human small intestine using HMGCR antibody.

Background

HMG-CoA reductase is the rate-limiting enzyme for cholesterol synthesis and is regulated via a negative feedback mechanism mediated by sterols and non-sterol metabolites derived from mevalonate, the product of the reaction catalyzed by reductase. Normally in mammalian cells this enzyme is suppressed by cholesterol derived from the internalization and degradation of low density lipoprotein (LDL) via the LDL receptor. Competitive inhibitors of the reductase induce the expression of LDL receptors in the liver, which in turn increases the catabolism of plasma LDL and lowers the plasma concentration of cholesterol, an important determinant of atherosclerosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only