

PSMC2 Antibody

Catalog No: #32536

Package Size: #32536-1 50ul #32536-2 100ul

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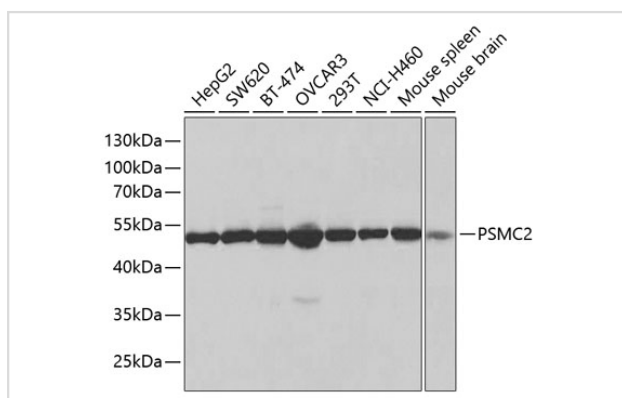
Description

Product Name	PSMC2 Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Applications	WB
Species Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total PSMC2 protein.
Immunogen Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Description	Recombinant fusion protein of human PSMC2 (NP_002794.1).
Target Name	PSMC2
Other Names	PSMC2;MSS1;Nbla10058;S7;ATPase 2
Accession No.	Uniprot:P35998GeneID:5701
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GeneID	5701
SDS-PAGE MW	49kDa
Concentration	1.0mg/ml
Formulation	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Application Details

WB □ 1:500 - 1:2000

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using PSMC2 antibody.

Background

The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes one of the ATPase subunits, a member of the triple-A family of ATPases which have a chaperone-like activity. This subunit has been shown to interact with several of the basal transcription factors so, in addition to participation in proteasome functions, this subunit may participate in the regulation of transcription. This subunit may also compete with PSMC3 for binding to the HIV tat protein to regulate the interaction between the viral protein and the transcription complex. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only