RAB26 Antibody

Catalog No: #36734



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

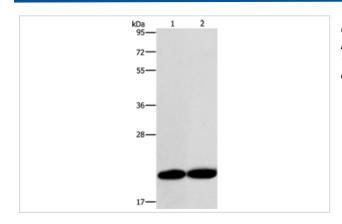
_				
	esc	rır	۱t17	nn.
		7 1 1 4	лι	7/1

Product Name	RAB26 Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Antigen affinity purification.
Applications	WB IHC
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of total RAB26 protein.
Immunogen Type	Peptide
Immunogen Description	Synthetic peptide of human RAB26
Target Name	RAB26
Other Names	V46133
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#: Q9ULW5NCBI Gene ID: 25837Gene Accssion: NP_055168
Uniprot	Q9ULW5
GeneID	25837;
SDS-PAGE MW	28kd
Concentration	0.4mg/ml
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C

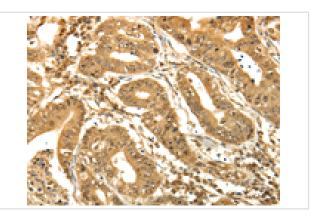
Application Details

Western blotting: 1:200-1:1000
Immunohistochemistry: 1:50-1:200

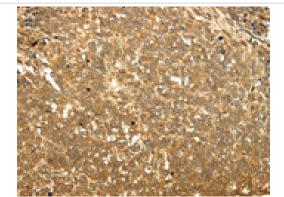
Images



Gel: 12%SDS-PAGELysate: 40 EOgLane 1-2: MCF7 cells, A375 cellsPrimary antibody: RAB26 Antibody at dilution 1/200Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilutionExposure time: 5 seconds



The image is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human gasrtic cancer tissue using RAB26 Antibody at dilution 1/60. (Original magnification: Γ 200)



The image is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using RAB26 Antibody at dilution 1/60. (Original magnification: Γ 200)

Background

Members of the RAB protein family, including RAB26, are important regulators of vesicular fusion and trafficking. The RAB family of small G proteins regulates intercellular vesicle trafficking, including exocytosis, endocytosis, and recycling. The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different set of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion. Mediates transport of ADRA2A and ADRA2B from the Golgi to the cell membrane.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only