#### **Product Datasheet**

# NFkB-p65(Phospho-Thr435) Antibody

Catalog No: #11012

Package Size: #11012-1 50ul #11012-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

## Description

Product Name	NFkB-p65(Phospho-Thr435) Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates.
	Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho
	specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.
Applications	WB IHC IF
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of NF-kB p65 only when phosphorylated at threonine 435.
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of threonine 435(E-G-T(p)-L-S) derived from Human
	NFkB-p65.
Conjugates	Unconjugated
Target Name	NFkB-p65
Modification	Phospho
Other Names	NFKB3; RELA; TF65; Transcription factor p65; p65
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: Q04206NCBI Protein: NP_001138610.1
Concentration	1.0mg/ml
Formulation	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02%
	sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.

### **Application Details**

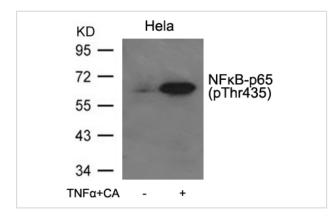
Predicted MW: 65kd

Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000

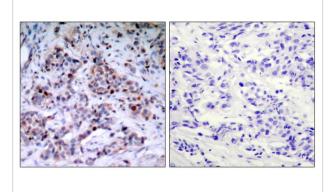
Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100

Immunofluorescence: 1:100~1:200

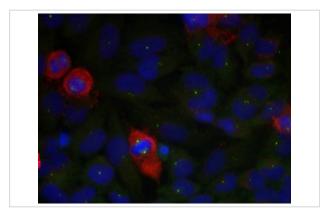
### **Images**



Western blot analysis of extracts from Hela cells untreated or treated with TNFa+CA using NFkB-p65(Phospho-Thr435) Antibody #11012.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using NF-kB p65(phospho-Thr435) antibody(#11012).



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells using NF-kB p65(phospho-Thr435) antibody(#11012, Red).

#### Background

NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processed such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52 and the heterodimeric p65-p50 complex appears to be most abundant one. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I-kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. NF-kappa-B heterodimeric p65-p50 and p65-c-Rel complexes are transcriptional activators. The NF-kappa-B p65-p65 complex appears to be involved in invasin-mediated activation of IL-8 expression. The inhibitory effect of I-kappa-B upon NF-kappa-B the cytoplasm is exerted primarily through the interaction with p65. p65 shows a weak DNA-binding site which could contribute directly to DNA binding in the NF-kappa-B complex

Baeuerle P A, et al. (1994) Annu Rev Immunol. 12:141-179.

Baeuerle P A, et al. (1996) Cell 87:13-20.

Haskill S, et al. (1991) Cell 65:1281-1289.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.
The product is for in vitro recognish as only and is not interface for account name of animals.