a-Synuclein(Phospho-Ser129) Antibody

Catalog No: #11171

Package Size: #11171-1 50ul #11171-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

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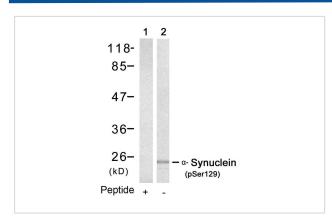
Product Name	a-Synuclein(Phospho-Ser129) Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates.	
	Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho	
	specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.	
Applications	WB	
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt	
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of a-Synuclein only when phosphorylated at serine 129.	
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH	
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine 129 (M-P-S(p)-E-E) derived from Human a-Synuclein.	
Conjugates	Unconjugated	
Target Name	a-Synuclein	
Modification	Phospho	
Other Names	NACP; SYN; SYUA	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot: P37840NCBI Protein: NP_000336.1	
Concentration	1.0mg/ml	
Formulation	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02%	
	sodium azide and 50% glycerol.	
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.	

Application Details

Predicted MW: 18kd

Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from mouse brain tissue using a-Synuclein(Phospho-Ser129) Antibody #11171(Lane 2) and the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide(Lane1).

Background

May be involved in the regulation of dopamine release and transport. Soluble protein, normally localized primarily at the presynaptic region of axons, which can form filamentous aggregates that are the major non amyloid component of intracellular inclusions in several neurodegenerative diseases (synucleinopathies). Induces fibrillization of microtubule-associated protein tau. Reduces neuronal responsiveness to various apoptotic stimuli, leading to a decreased caspase-3 activation.

Takahashi T, et al. J Biol Chem 2003 Oct 24; 278(43): 42225-33 Ahn BH, et al. J Biol Chem 2002 Apr 05; 277(14): 12334-42 Negro A, et al. FASEB J 2002 Feb; 16(2): 210-2 Goldberg, et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 2000; 2, 115-119.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.