## **Product Datasheet**

## Synapsin-1 (phospho Ser553) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #13498

Package Size: #13498-1 50ul #13498-2 100ul



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| Descri | ntion |
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| Product Name          | Synapsin-1 (phospho Ser553) Polyclonal Antibody  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Host Species          | Rabbit   |  |
| Clonality             | Polyclonal   |  |
| Purification          | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific |  |
|                       | immunogen.   |  |
| Applications          | WB,ELISA   |  |
| Species Reactivity    | Human,Mouse,Rat  |  |
| Specificity           | Phospho-Synapsin-1 (S553) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Synapsin-1 around the           |  |
|                       | phosphorylation site of S553 protein.  |  |
| Immunogen Description | Synthesized phospho-peptide around the phosphorylation site of human Synapsin-1 (phospho Ser553)           |  |
| Conjugates            | Unconjugated   |  |
| Other Names           | SYN1; Synapsin-1; Brain protein 4.1; Synapsin I  |  |
| Accession No.         | Swiss Prot:P17600GeneID:6853   |  |
| SDS-PAGE MW           | 75   |  |
| Concentration         | 1 mg/ml  |  |
| Formulation           | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.                                    |  |
| Storage               | -20°C/1  |  |

## **Application Details**

Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

## Background

synapsin I(SYN1) Homo sapiens This gene is a member of the synapsin gene family. Synapsins encode neuronal phosphoproteins which associate with the cytoplasmic surface of synaptic vesicles. Family members are characterized by common protein domains, and they are implicated in synaptogenesis and the modulation of neurotransmitter release, suggesting a potential role in several neuropsychiatric diseases. This member of the synapsin family plays a role in regulation of axonogenesis and synaptogenesis. The protein encoded serves as a substrate for several different protein kinases and phosphorylation may function in the regulation of this protein in the nerve terminal. Mutations in this gene may be associated with X-linked disorders with primary neuronal degeneration such as Rett syndrome. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.