Product Datasheet

GR (phospho Ser211) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #13834

Package Size: #13834-1 50ul #13834-2 100ul



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| Product Name | GR (phospho Ser211) Polyclonal Antibody | |
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| Host Species | Rabbit | |
| Clonality | Polyclonal | |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific | |
| | immunogen. | |
| Applications | WB,IHC-p,IF(paraffin section),ELISA | |
| Species Reactivity | Human,Mouse,Rat | |
| Specificity | Phospho-GR (S211) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of GR protein only when phosphorylated | |
| | at S211. | |
| Immunogen Description | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human GR around the phosphorylation | |
| | site of Ser211. AA range:181-230 | |
| Conjugates | Unconjugated | |
| Other Names | NR3C1; GRL; Glucocorticoid receptor; GR; Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 1 | |
| Accession No. | Swiss Prot:P04150GeneID:2908 | |
| SDS-PAGE MW | 95 | |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml | |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. | |
| Storage | -20°C/1 | |
| | | |

Application Details

Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Background

nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 1(NR3C1) Homo sapiens. This gene encodes glucocorticoid receptor, which can function both as a transcription factor that binds to glucocorticoid response elements in the promoters of glucocorticoid responsive genes to activate their transcription, and as a regulator of other transcription factors. This receptor is typically found in the cytoplasm, but upon ligand binding, is transported into the nucleus. It is involved in inflammatory responses, cellular proliferation, and differentiation in target tissues. Mutations in this gene are associated with generalized glucocorticoid resistance. Alternative splicing of this gene results in transcript variants encoding either the same or different isoforms. Additional isoforms resulting from the use of alternate in-frame translation initiation sites have also been described, and shown to be functional, displaying diverse cytoplasm-to-nucleus trafficking pat

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.