## **Product Datasheet**

## CKR-5 (phospho Ser336) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: #13965

Package Size: #13965-1 50ul #13965-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

| Description           |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Product Name          | CKR-5 (phospho Ser336) Polyclonal Antibody   |
| Host Species          | Rabbit   |
| Clonality             | Polyclonal   |
| Purification          | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific |
|                       | immunogen.   |
| Applications          | WB,ELISA   |
| Species Reactivity    | Human,Mouse,Rat  |
| Specificity           | Phospho-CKR-5 (S336) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CKR-5 protein only when              |
|                       | phosphorylated at S336.  |
| Immunogen Description | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CCR5 around the                  |
|                       | phosphorylation site of Ser336. AA range:302-351   |
| Conjugates            | Unconjugated   |
| Other Names           | CCR5; CMKBR5; C-C chemokine receptor type 5; C-C CKR-5; CC-CKR-5; CCR-5; CCR5; CHEMR13; HIV-1              |
|                       | fusion coreceptor; CD antigen CD195  |
| Accession No.         | Swiss Prot:P51681GeneID:1234/727797  |
| SDS-PAGE MW           | 40   |
| Concentration         | 1 mg/ml  |
| Formulation           | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.                                    |
| Storage               | -20°C/1  |

## **Application Details**

Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

## Background

C-C motif chemokine receptor 5 (gene/pseudogene)(CCR5) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the beta chemokine receptor family, which is predicted to be a seven transmembrane protein similar to G protein-coupled receptors. This protein is expressed by T cells and macrophages, and is known to be an important co-receptor for macrophage-tropic virus, including HIV, to enter host cells. Defective alleles of this gene have been associated with the HIV infection resistance. The ligands of this receptor include monocyte chemoattractant protein 2 (MCP-2), macrophage inflammatory protein 1 alpha (MIP-1 alpha), macrophage inflammatory protein 1 beta (MIP-1 beta) and regulated on activation normal T expressed and secreted protein (RANTES). Expression of this gene was also detected in a promyeloblastic cell line, suggesting that this protein may play a role in granulocyte lineage proliferation and differentiation. This gene is located at the chemok

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.