

Aryl hydrocarbon Receptor Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #49424

Package Size: #49424-1 50ul #49424-2 100ul

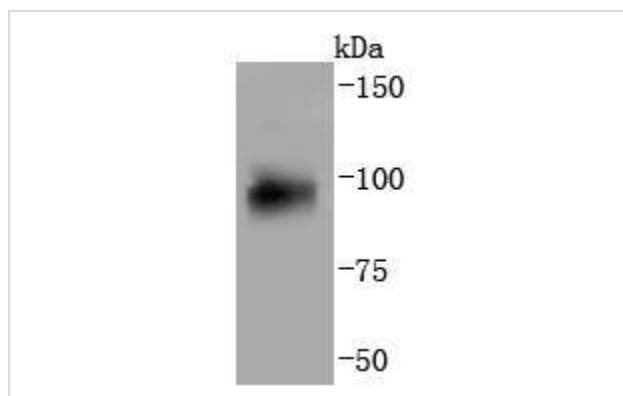
Description

Product Name	Aryl hydrocarbon Receptor Rabbit mAb
Host Species	Recombinant Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone No.	JM34-10
Purification	ProA affinity purified
Applications	WB, ICC/IF
Species Reactivity	Hu
Immunogen Description	recombinant protein
Conjugates	Unconjugated
Other Names	Ah receptor antibody AhR antibody AHR_HUMAN antibody Aromatic hydrocarbon receptor antibody Aryl hydrocarbon receptor antibody Aryl hydrocarbon receptor precursor antibody bHLHe76 antibody Class E basic helix loop helix protein 76 antibody Class E basic helix-loop-helix protein 76 antibody HGNC:348 antibody
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:P35869
Calculated MW	96 kDa
Formulation	1*TBS (pH7.4), 1%BSA, 40%Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C

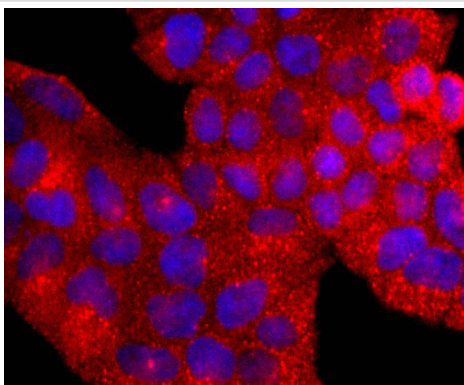
Application Details

WB: 1:1,000-1:2,000 ICC: 1:100-1:500

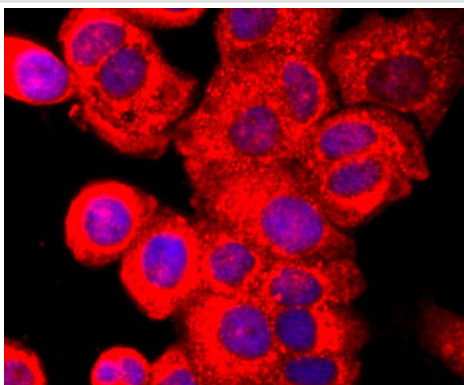
Images



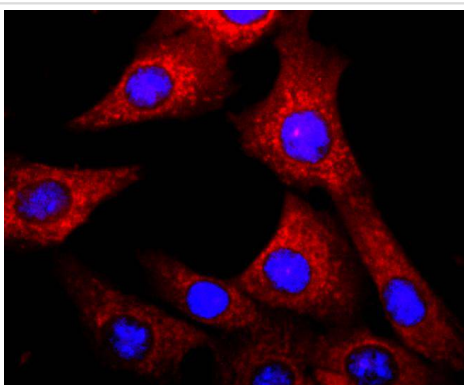
Western blot analysis of AhR on human lung lysates using anti-AhR antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.



ICC staining AhR in HeLa cells (red). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



ICC staining AhR in MCF-7 cells (red). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



ICC staining AhR in NIH/3T3 cells (red). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.

Background

2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) is the prototype for a family of toxic halogenated aromatic compounds that are thought to cause adverse reproductive, immunologic and metabolic effects. Many biological responses to TCDD are mediated through ligand binding to the aromatic hydrocarbon (Ah) receptor, also known as AhR. Ah Receptor is a ligand dependent transcription factor that interacts with specific DNA sequences, termed xenobiotic responsive elements (XREs), and that lies upstream of TCDD-inducible genes. Upon binding to the ligand, Ah Receptor binds to the Ah Receptor nuclear translocator (Arnt), and the complex is translocated from the cytoplasm to the nucleus. Arnt is required for Ah Receptor to bind to XRE. Ah Receptor and Arnt are members of a family of transcription factors that contain a basic helix-loop-helix motif and a common "PAS" motif.

References

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.