Product Datasheet

Recombinant Human Casein kinase II subunit alpha(CSNK2A1)

Catalog No: #AP70201

Package Size: #AP70201-1 20ug #AP70201-2 100ug #AP70201-3 1mg



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

Product Name	Recombinant Human Casein kinase II subunit alpha(CSNK2A1)
Host Species	E.coli
Purification	Greater than 90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Immunogen Description	Expression Region:1-391aaSequence Info:Full Length
Accession No.	P68400
Calculated MW	61.1 kDa
Tag Info	N-terminal 6xHis-SUMO-tagged
Target Sequence	${\tt MSGPVPSRARVYTDVNTHRPREYWDYESHVVEWGNQDDYQLVRKLGRGKYSEVFEAINITNNEKVVVKILKP}$
	VKKKKIKREIKILENLRGGPNIITLADIVKDPVSRTPALVFEHVNNTDFKQLYQTLTDYDIRFYMYEILKALDYCHS
	${\sf MGIMHRDVKPHNVMIDHEHRKLRLIDWGLAEFYHPGQEYNVRVASRYFKGPELLVDYQMYDYSLDMWSLGC}$
	${\tt MLASMIFRKEPFFHGHDNYDQLVRIAKVLGTEDLYDYIDKYNIELDPRFNDILGRHSRKRWERFVHSENQHLVS}$
	PEALDFLDKLLRYDHQSRLTAREAMEHPYFYTVVKDQARMGSSSMPGGSTPVSSANMMSGISSVPTPSPLGP
	LAGSPVIAAANPLGMPVPAAAGAQQ
Formulation	Tris-based buffer50% glycerol
Storage	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability
	of the protein itself.
	Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C,-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months
	at -20°C,-80°C.Notes:Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for
	up to one week.

Background

Catalytic subunit of a constitutively active serine,threonine-protein kinase complex that phosphorylates a large number of substrates containing acidic residues C-terminal to the phosphorylated serine or threonine. Regulates numerous cellular processes, such as cell cycle progression, apoptosis and transcription, as well as viral infection. May act as a regulatory node which integrates and coordinates numerous signals leading to an appropriate cellular response. During mitosis, functions as a component of the p53,TP53-dependent spindle assbly checkpoint (SAC) that maintains cyclin-B-CDK1 activity and G2 arrest in response to spindle damage. Also required for p53,TP53-mediated apoptosis, phosphorylating 'Ser-392' of p53,TP53 following UV irradiation. Can also negatively regulate apoptosis. Phosphorylates the caspases CASP9 and CASP2 and the apoptotic regulator NOL3. Phosphorylation protects CASP9 from cleavage and activation by CASP8, and inhibits the dimerization of CASP2 and activation of CASP8. Regulates transcription by direct phosphorylation of RNA polymerases I, II, III and IV. Also phosphorylates and regulates numerous transcription factors including NF-kappa-B, STAT1, CREB1, IRF1, IRF2, ATF1, SRF, MAX, JUN, FOS, MYC and MYB. Phosphorylates Hsp90 and its co-chaperones FKBP4 and CDC37, which is essential for chaperone function. Regulates Wnt signaling by phosphorylating CTNNB1 and the transcription factor LEF1. Acts as an ectokinase that phosphorylates several Extracellular domain proteins. During viral infection, phosphorylates various proteins involved in the viral life cycles of EBV, HSV, HBV, HCV, HIV, CMV and HPV. Phosphorylates PML at 'Ser-565' and primes it for ubiquitin-mediated degradation. Plays an important role in the circadian clock function by phosphorylating ARNTL,BMAL1 at 'Ser-90' which is pivotal for its interaction with CLOCK and which controls CLOCK nuclear entry.

References

Molecular cloning of the human casein kinase II alpha subunit. Meisner H., Heller-Harrison R., Buxton J., Czech M.P. Biochemistry 28:4072-4076 (1989) Research Topic: Signal Transduction

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.